



REALTORS®

The Impact of Student Loan Debt

SEPTEMBER 2021

METHODOLOGY

This poll was conducted between June 10- 16, 2021 among a sample of 1995 Student Loan Debt Holders. The interviews were conducted online. Results from the full survey have a margin of error of +/- 2 percentage points.

Student Loan Debt Holders are defined as adults who hold, or have held within the last two years, student loan debt for themselves, a spouse/partner or child(ren)/dependent(s).

Open Ended Questions

Open-end analyses **extracts narratives** from open-ended survey responses through the following process:

1 _____ 2 ____ 3 ____ 4

PREPROCESS

Leverage Natural Language
Processing (NLP) techniques
to standardize responses

ENRICH

Enrich our understanding of each response via artificial neural networks trained on massive quantities of text data

ANALYZE

Apply an NLP technique called Term Frequency-Inverse Document Frequency (TF-IDF) to compare and analyze documents

SYNTHESIZE

Cluster responses into coherent, distinct narratives by conducting unsupervised machine learning modeling

KEY FINDINGS

Impact of Student Loan Debt

On Employment: While the plurality say student loan debt has not impacted any of the tested employment decisions (42%), others say debt has kept them in disliked or uninteresting jobs, forced them to take second jobs, or take a job outside their preferred field.

- Those holding debt for multiple people are more likely to say student loan debt has impacted their employment decisions.
- Millennials are more likely than other generational cohorts to say they have had to stay in a job they were not happy with (18%), take a second job (17%) and take a job in the private sector over the public sector (17%) because of student loan debt.

On Major Purchases: Over one quarter of student loan debt holders say their debt has impacted their decision or their ability to purchase a home (29%), take a vacation (35%), or purchase a car (31%).

- Student loan debt holders without an emergency fund and those holding debt for multiple people are more likely to say their debt has impacted their ability to make the purchases tested.
- When asked specifically about purchasing a home, half of non-homeowners say student loan debt is delaying them from purchasing a home (51%).

On Life Choices: Approximately half of student loan debt holders say their debt has impacted their life choices. One third say it has impacted their ability to continue their education (33%) while 14% say it has impacted their decision to start a family.

- Those holding debt for multiple people and those who say debt has delayed a home purchase are more likely to say debt has delayed their life choices.
- Younger generations (GenZ and Millennials) are more likely to say student loan debt has impacted their decision to continue their education, start or continue a family, have a long-term partner, and get married.

KEY FINDINGS

Awareness of Costs

Only one quarter of student loan debt holders say they had a good understanding of costs involved prior to attending college and taking on student loan debt for themselves (23%).

- Student loan debt holders are more likely to say they knew more about the costs involved when taking on debt for a dependent or child (39%) compared to taking on debt for themselves (23%) or a spouse (26%).
- Among those who say debt is delaying a home purchase, 18% felt they had a good understanding of the costs involved, compared to 23% of student loan debt holders overall who say the same.

Imagining a Future Without Student Loan Debt

When adults who have not yet paid off their student loan debt are asked what they would do with additional funds, they say they would contribute to long-term savings (43%), pay off other debts (40%), invest (38%), or purchase a home (24%) or car (22%).

Millennials (31%) and those who say debt is delaying a purchase of a home (46%) are more likely to say they would use
the funds towards the purchase of a home.

Adults who have paid off their student loan debt say they use the additional funds to pay off other debts (34%), contribute to long-term savings (31%), or invest (26%). 13% of these adults say they use the funds to contribute towards the purchase of a home.



IMPACT OF STUDENT LOAN DEBT ON DECISION MAKING

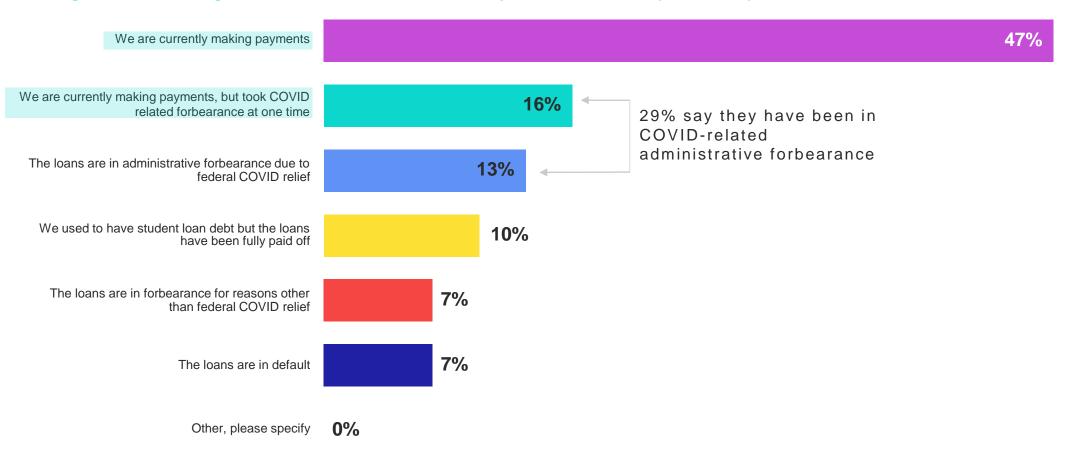
IMPACT OF STUDENT LOAN DEBT ON HOMEOWNERSHIP



Among adults holding debt for their spouse or partner, half say they are currently making payments (47%). An additional 16% say they are currently making payments but took COVID-related forbearance at one time.

Which of the following describes the status of your spouse's or partner's student loan debt?

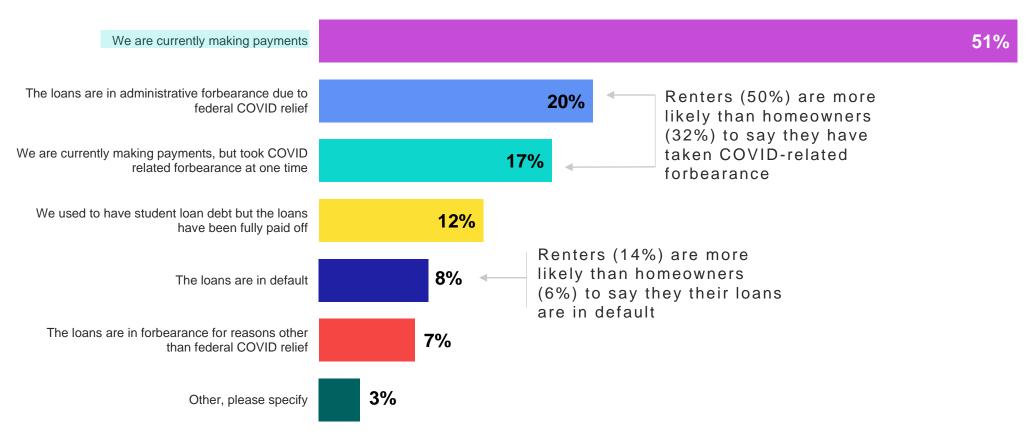
Among adults holding debt, or held in the last two years, for their spouse or partner



Half of adults holding debt for their child(ren) or dependent(s) say they are currently making payments on student loan debt for their child(ren) or dependent(s).

Which of the following describes the status of your child(ren) or dependent's student loan debt? Please select all that apply.

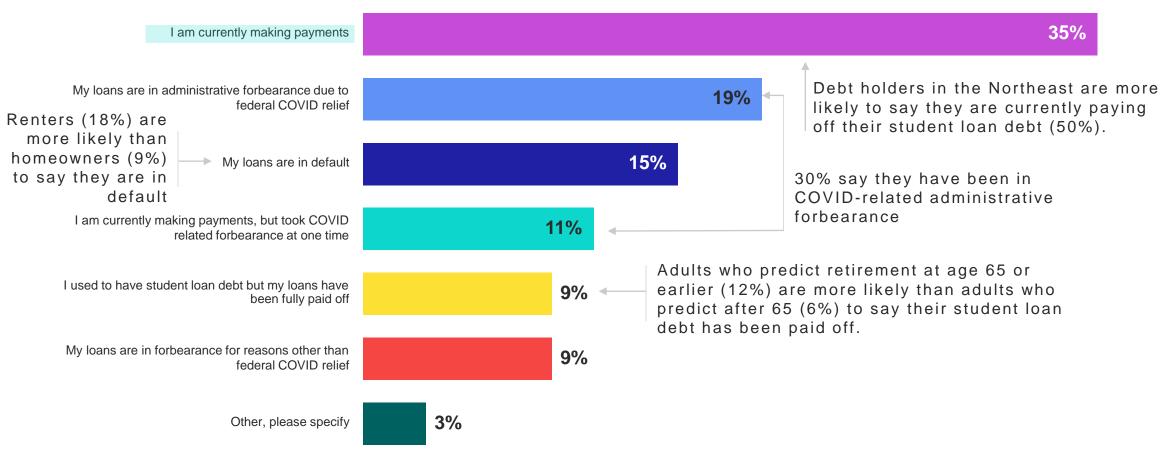
Among adults holding debt, or held in the last two years, for their child(ren) or dependents



One third of adults say they are making payments on their own debt (35%), but 15% report their personal loans are in default. This percentage in default on personal loans is 2x that of those who report default on their spouse's loans (7%) or children's loans (8%).

Which of the following describes the status of your student loan debt?

Among adults holding debt, or held in the last two years, for themselves



Generation and income level both impact loan status. Lower income student debt holders are more likely to be in default (22%). Older student debt holders are more likely to be in COVID-related forbearance while younger student debt holders are more likely to be currently making payments.

Which of the following describes the status of your student loan debt?

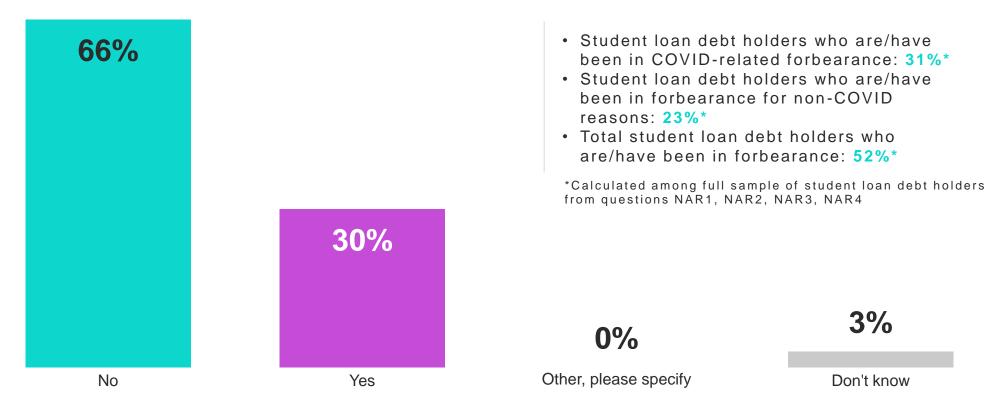
Among adults holding debt, or held in the last two years, for themselves

		Genera	Income				
	GenZers (1997 – 2012)	Millennials (1981 – 1996)	GenXers (1965 – 1980)	Baby Boomers (1946 – 1964)	Under \$50k	\$50k – \$100k	\$100k +
I am currently making payments	49%	37%	31%	22%	25%	40%	58%
My loans are in administrative forbearance due to federal COVID relief	8%	19%	21%	24%	19%	21%	12%
My loans are in default	9%	13%	19%	16%	22%	8%	3%
I am currently making payments but took COVID-related forbearance at one time	15%	12%	9%	9%	11%	12%	11%
I used to have student loan debt but my loans have been fully paid off	9%	10%	6%	11%	7%	11%	10%
My loans are in forbearance for reasons other than federal COVID relief	4%	8%	10%	12%	12%	6%	3%

Two thirds of student loan debt holders (66%) say they have never been in forbearance (outside of federal COVID relief).

Have you ever been in default or forbearance on the student loans you're currently holding or have held within the past two years (outside of federal COVID relief)?

Among adults currently making payments or who have paid off student loan debt for themselves, spouse/partner, or dependent/child



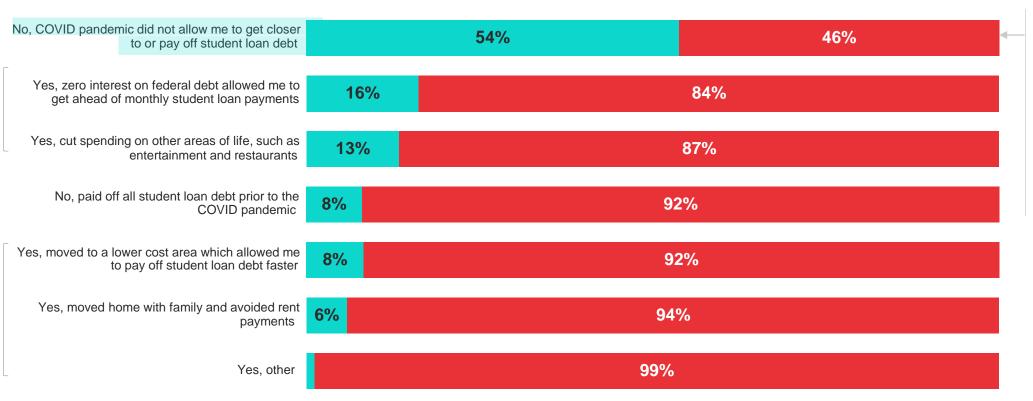
Total "Yes": 38%*

Over one third of student loan debt holders say the COVID pandemic allowed them to pay off student debt earlier or get closer to paying it off (38%*). However, 54% reported the pandemic did not allow them to get closer to paying off student debt.

Not Selected

Did the COVID pandemic allow you to pay off your student loan debt earlier or get closer to paying off your student loan debt? Please select all that apply.

Selected



Student loan debt holders without emergency savings are more likely to say the pandemic did not allow them to pay off student loan debt earlier (74%).

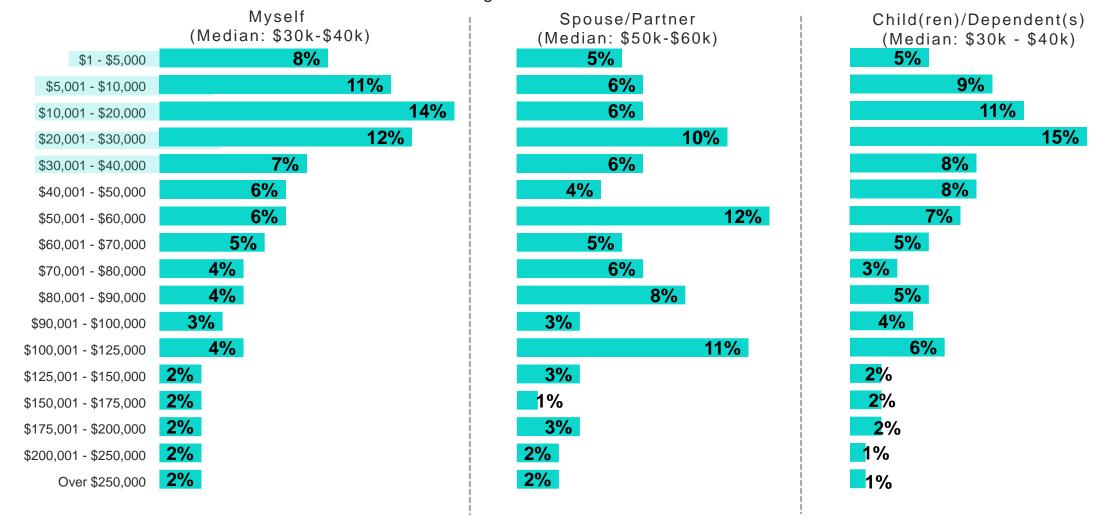
The pandemic was more likely to help homeowners, higher-income earners, and younger student loan debt holders pay off or get closer to paying off their student loan debt.

Did the COVID pandemic allow you to pay off your student loan debt earlier or get closer to paying off your student loan debt? Please select all that apply.

			Income	Homeownership					
	GenZers (1997 – 2012)	Millennials (1981 – 1996)	GenXers (1965 – 1980)	Baby Boomers (1946 – 1964)	Under \$50k	\$50k – \$100k	\$100k +	Homeowner	Renter
No, COVID pandemic did not allow me to get closer or pay off student loan debt	37%	42%	64%	67%	63%	50%	40%	49%	58%
Yes, zero interest on federal debt allowed me to get ahead of monthly student loan payments	16%	20%	13%	13%	11%	20%	21%	20%	13%
Yes, cut spending on other areas of my life such as entertainment and restaurants	19%	20%	10%	5%	11%	15%	17%	14%	13%
No, paid off all student loan debt prior to the pandemic	4%	8%	7%	11%	8%	7%	10%	9%	7%
Yes, moved to a lower cost area which allowed me to pay off student loan debt faster	13%	11%	7%	3%	6%	8%	14%	9%	8%
Yes, moved home with family and avoided rent payments	14%	8%	5%	1%	5%	6%	8%	4%	6%
Yes, other	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Total "Yes"	59%	50%	29%	22%	29%	43%	50%	42%	35%

The majority of student loan debt holders say total student loan debt incurred for themselves is \$40,000 or less. Debt held for spouse/partners tends to be higher than that held for individuals or children/dependents.

What was the total amount of loans each of the following incurred from school?

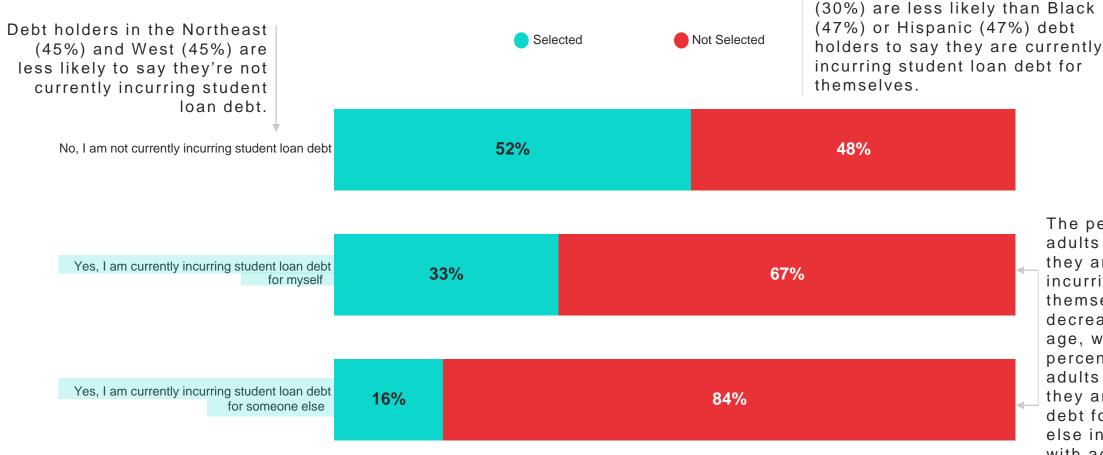


White student debt holders

STATUS OF STUDENT LOAN DEBT

Approximately half of student loan debt holders say they are currently incurring student loan debt for themselves (33%) or someone else (16%).

Are you currently incurring student loan debt? Please select all that apply.

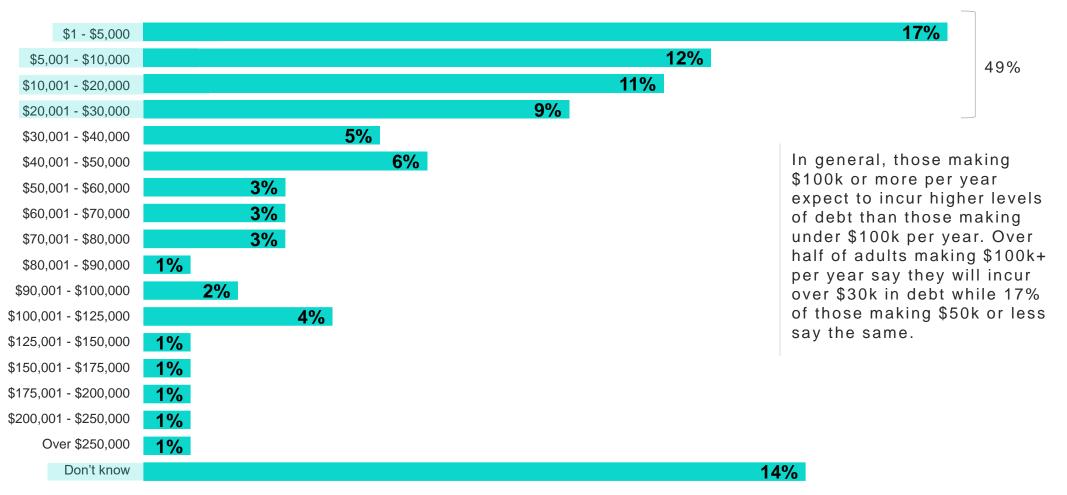


The percentage of adults who say they are currently incurring debt for themselves decreases with age, while percentage of adults who say they are incurring debt for someone else increases with age.

Half of student loan debt holders who are currently incurring student loan debt say they expect to incur \$30,000 or less in total (49%).

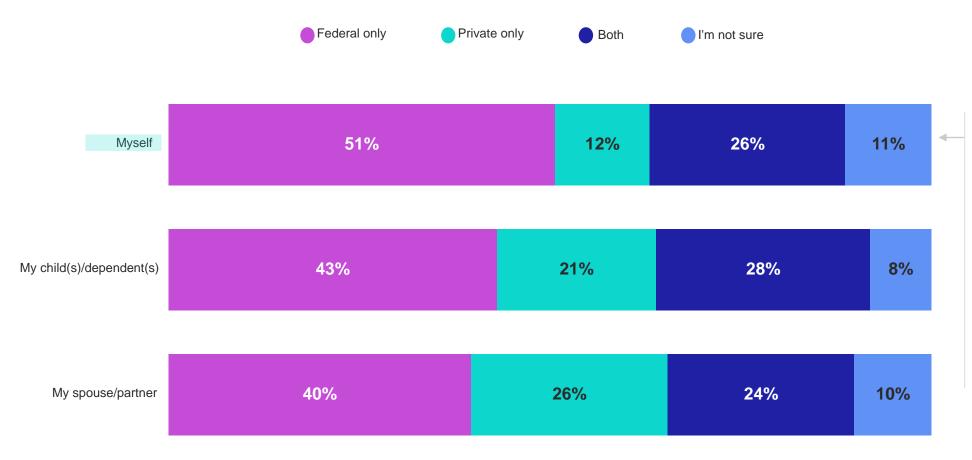
You indicated you are currently incurring student loan debt. How much additional student loan debt do you expect to incur?

Among adults currently incurring student loan debt for themselves or someone else



For the plurality of student loan debt holders, student loan debt is from federal loans. One quarter of adults say student loan debt is a combination of both federal and private loans.

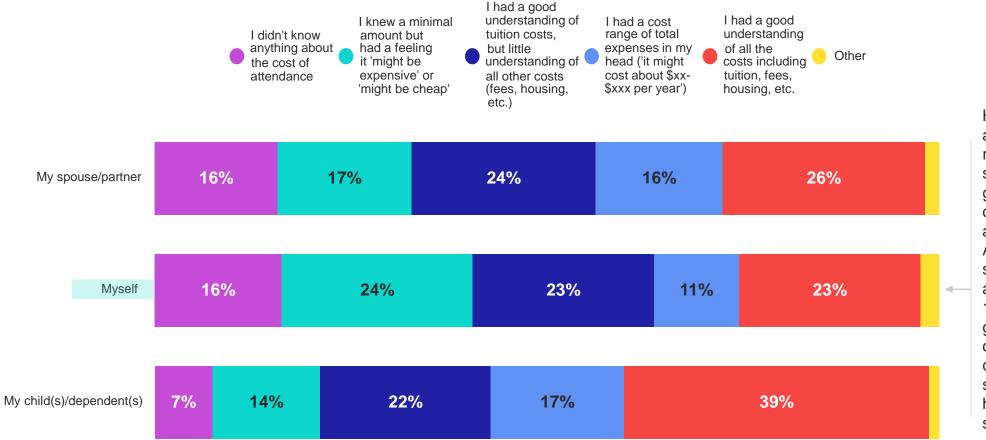
For each of the following, was the student loan debt from federal loans, private loans or both?



Older adults
(Boomers: 61%) are
more likely than
younger adults
(GenZ: 41%) to say
they have student
loan debt from
federal loans, while
younger adults
(GenZ: 19%) are
more likely than
older adults
(Boomers: 8%) to
say they have debt
from private loans.

One quarter of student loan debt holders say they had a good understanding of costs involved prior to attending college and taking on student loan debt for themselves (23%). Debt holders are more likely to know more about the costs involved when taking on debt for a dependent or child (39%).

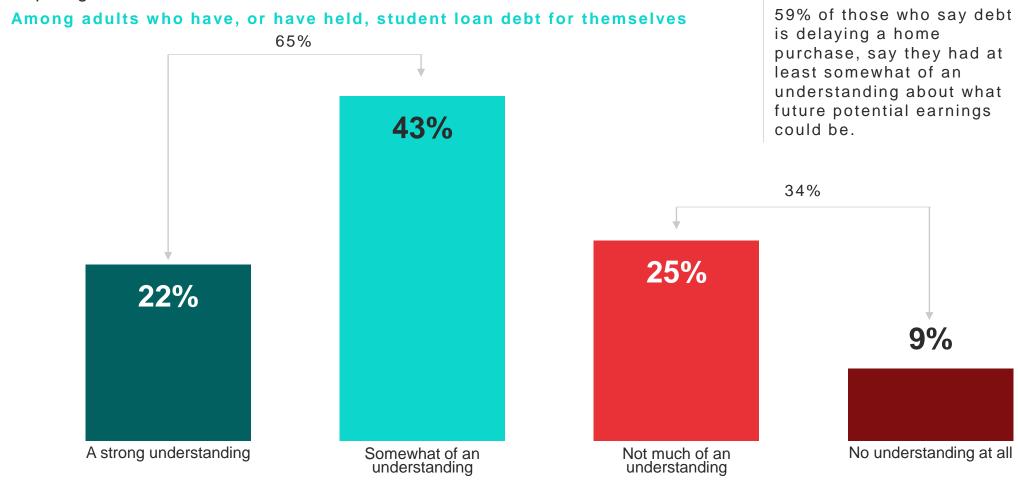
For each of the following, how much did you know about the cost of attending college before a decision about where to attend was made?



Homeowners (28%) are more likely than renters (19%) to say they had a good understanding of costs prior to attending college. Among those who say debt is delaying a home purchase, 18% felt they had a good understanding of costs involved, compared to 23% of student loan debt holders overall who say the same.

Two thirds of student loan debt holders say they had at least somewhat of an understanding about what future potential earnings could be (65%).

When entering college, how much of an understanding, if any at all, did you have about what your future potential earnings could be post-graduation?

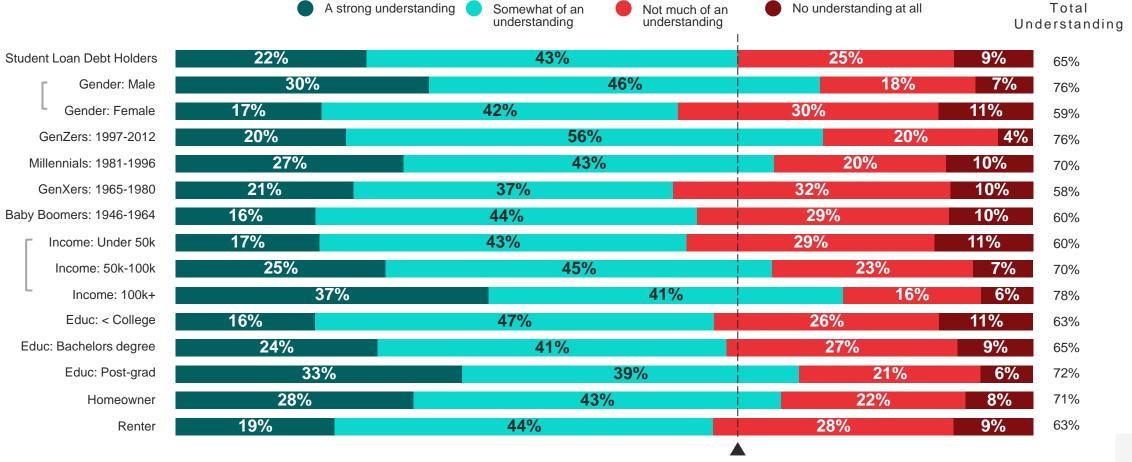




Women (59%) and low-income earners (60%) are less likely to say they understood future potential earnings.

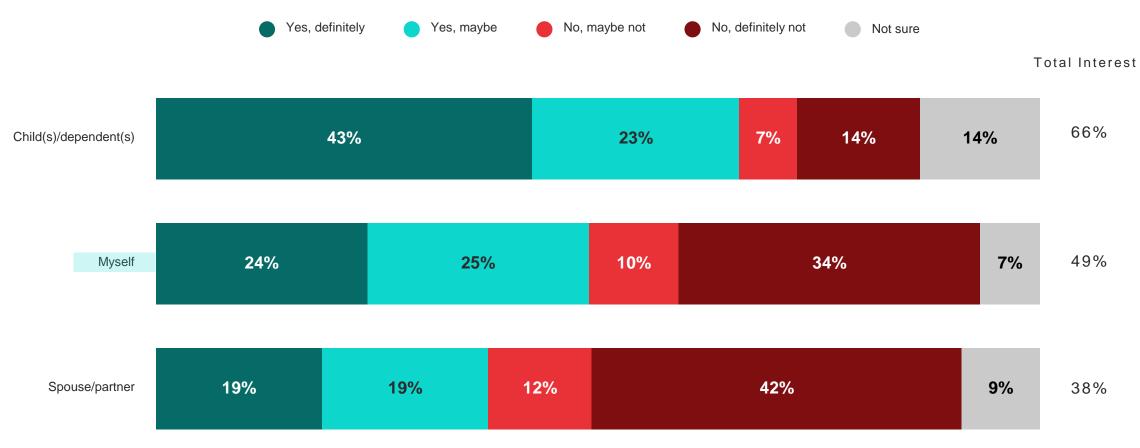
When entering college, how much of an understanding, if any at all, did you have about what your future potential earnings could be post-graduation?





Student loan debt holders are more likely to say their child(ren)/dependent(s) have an interest in attending a higher education institution (66%) than themselves (49%) or their spouse/partner (38%).

Do any of the following currently have any interest in attending a higher education institution, either for the first time or going back to school?



Interest in attending a higher education institution differs by gender, race/ethnicity, debt type and homeownership status.

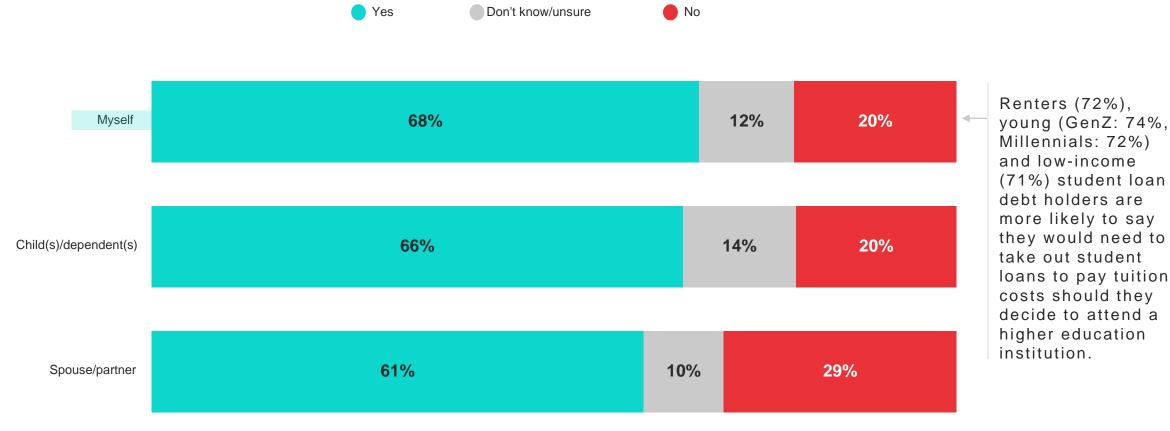
Do any of the following currently have any interest in attending a higher education institution, either for the first time or going back to school? // Myself

Among adults who have, or have held, student loan debt for themselves

		Total Yes	Total No
Condor	Male	57%	38%
Gender	Female	43%	49%
	White	47%	47%
Race/Ethnicity	Black	57%	35%
	Hispanic	57%	35%
Dobt Time	Federal	71%	27%
Debt Type	Private	53%	40%
	Homeowner	42%	51%
Hamaanii aabii	Renter	55%	38%
Homeownership	Debt Delaying Home Purchase	58%	37%
	Live in Multi-Generational Home	57%	37%

Approximately two thirds of student loan debt holders say they would need to take out student loans for themselves (68%), a child/dependent (66%), or a spouse (61%) should they decide to attend a higher education institution.

And, if each of the following decided to attend a higher education institution, would you need to take out student loans to pay tuition costs?



AGENDA

STATUS OF STUDENT LOAN DEBT

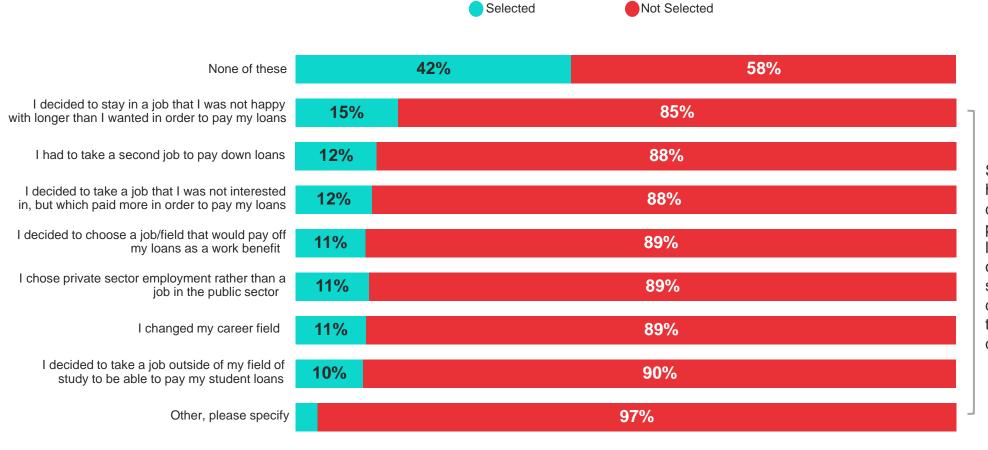
IMPACT OF STUDENT LOAN DEBT ON DECISION MAKING

IMPACT OF STUDENT LOAN DEBT ON HOMEOWNERSHIP



While the plurality say student loan debt has not impacted any of the tested employment decisions (42%), others say debt has kept them in disliked or uninteresting jobs, forced them to take second jobs, or take a job outside their preferred field.

Has student loan debt affected your employment decisions in any of the following ways? Select all that apply.



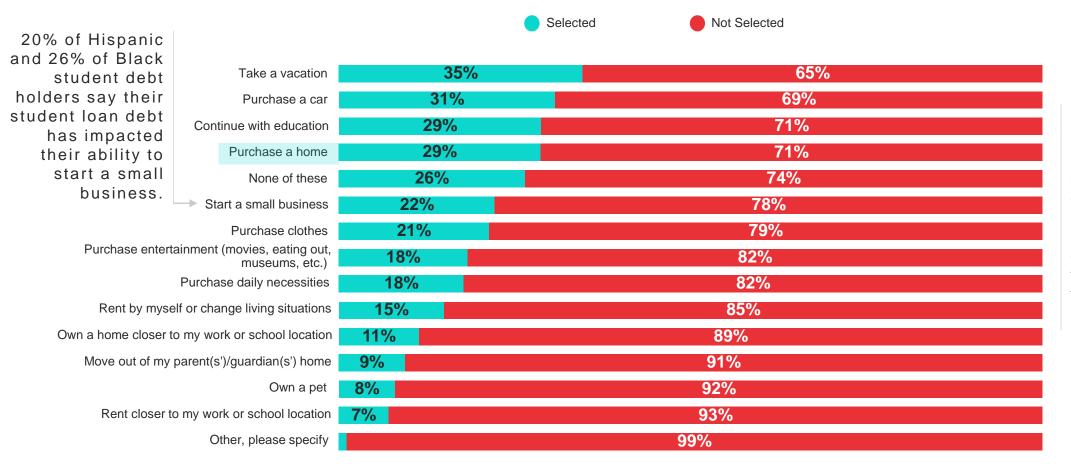
Student loan debt holders holding debt for multiple people are more likely, among all options tested, to say student loan debt has impacted their employment decisions. Decisions about employment differ by generation, income, gender, and race/ethnicity.

Has student loan debt affected your employment decisions in any of the following ways? Select all that apply.

	Generation					Income			Gender		Race/Ethnicity		
	GenZers (1997 – 2012)	Millennials (1981 – 1996)	GenXers (1965 <u>–</u> 1980)	Baby Boomers (1946 – 1964)	Under \$50k	\$50k – \$100k	\$100k +	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	
None of these	28%	28%	47%	62%	46%	38%	40%	30%	(51%)	(44%)	30%	31%	
I decided to stay in a job that I was not happy with longer than I wanted in order to pay my loans	16%	18%	16%	10%	13%	18%	17%	18%	13%	16%	16%	12%	
I had to take a second job to pay down loans	1 1 / 0/- 1	(17%)	10%	6%	10%	14%	15%	(17%)	9%	12%	18%	15%	
I decided to take a job that I was not interested in, but which paid more in order to pay my loans	17%	16%	9%	6%	9%	14%	14%	15%	9%	11%	20%	14%	
I decided to choose a job/field that would pay off my loans as a work benefit	17%	15%	8%	3%	9%	12%	13%	16%	6%	9%	18%	18%	
I chose private sector employment rather than a job in the public sector	12%	17%	8%	5%	7%	12%	19%	16%	7%	11%	11%	13%	
I changed my career field	10%	13%	11%	8%	11%	11%	9%	12%	9%	9%	11%	18%	
I decided to take a job outside of my field of study to be able to pay my student loans	12%	13%	9%	6%	9%	12%	10%	14%	7%	9%	10%	15%	

One quarter of student loan debt holders say their debt has impacted their decision or their ability to purchase a home (29%).

Do you feel student loan debt has affected either your decision and/or your ability to do any of the following? Please select all that apply.



Student loan debt holders without an emergency fund and those holding debt for multiple people are more likely to say their debt has impacted their ability to do the tested options.



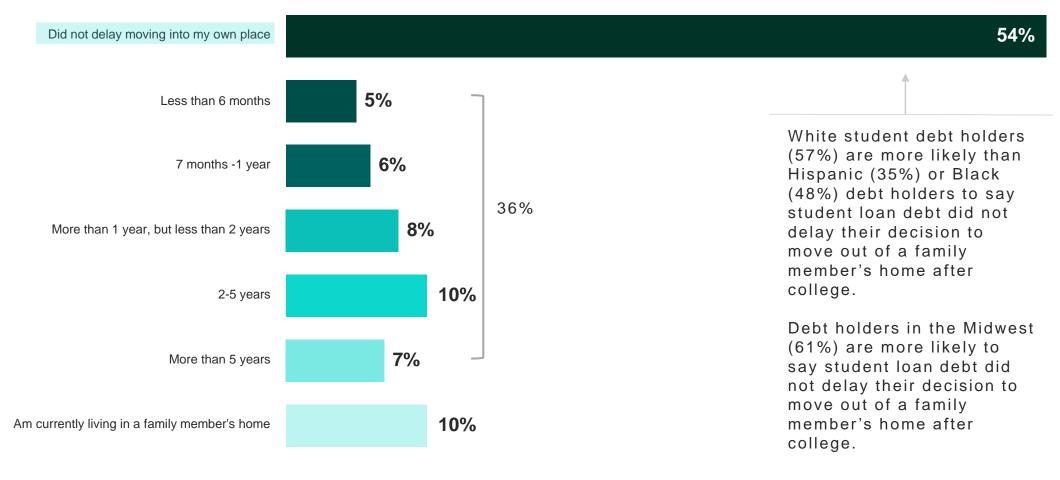
Student loan debt has impacted homebuying decisions across generation and income.

Do you feel student loan debt has affected either your decision and/or your ability to do any of the following? Please select all that apply.

		Gene	ration		Income	Homeownership			
	GenZers (1997 – 2012)	Millennials (1981 – 1996)	GenXers (1965 – 1980)	Baby Boomers (1946 – 1964)	Under \$50k	\$50k – \$100k	\$100k +	Homeowner	Renter
Take a vacation	32%	38%	35%	31%	33%	37%	35%	35%	34%
Purchase a car	33%	32%	31%	28%	33%	29%	28%	28%	32%
Continue with education	28%	34%	30%	19%	32%	29%	21%	24%	33%
Purchase a home	25%	35%	29%	19%	33%	28%	19%	18%	40%
Start a small business	23%	29%	21%	14%	22%	23%	22%	19%	24%
Purchase clothes	33%	25%	19%	14%	23%	21%	18%	18%	23%
Purchase entertainment	21%	21%	18%	13%	18%	20%	15%	17%	19%
Purchase daily necessities	17%	22%	16%	13%	19%	17%	17%	16%	18%
Rent by myself or change living situations	22%	19%	14%	7%	18%	15%	8%	7%	21%
Own a home closer to my work or school location	10%	15%	12%	5%	11%	12%	12%	10%	13%
Move out of my parents/guardians home	22%	14%	6%	1%	11%	9%	7%	4%	10%
Own a pet	19%	10%	5%	4%	8%	9%	6%	6%	7%
Rent closer to my work or school location	14%	9%	6%	2%	6%	8%	7%	4%	10%
None of these	16%	17%	30%	42%	25%	27%	29%	(32%)	20%

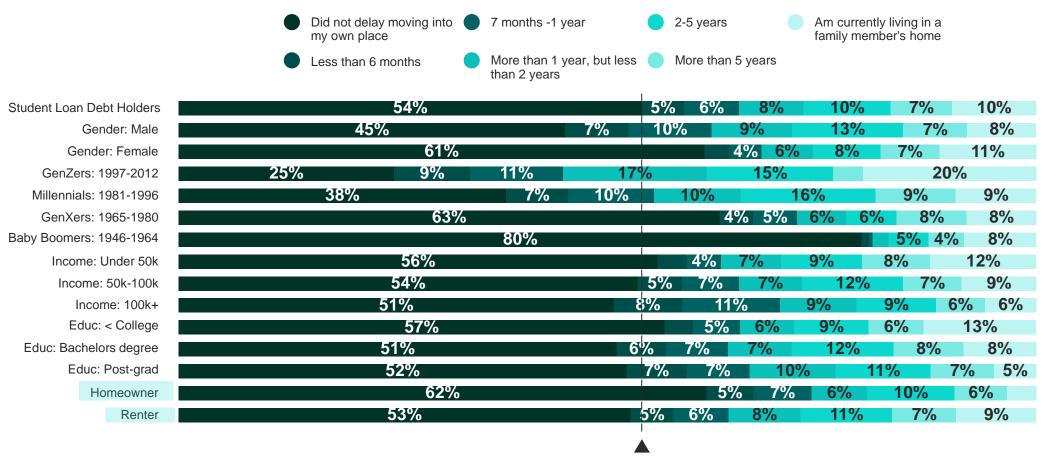
One third of student loan debt holders say student loan debt delayed their decision to move out of a family member's home (36%). 10% of debt holders say they are still currently living in a family member's home.

Did student debt delay your decision to move out of a family member's home after college?



Homeowners (62%) are more likely than renters (53%) to say student loan debt did not delay their decision to move out of a family member's home after college.

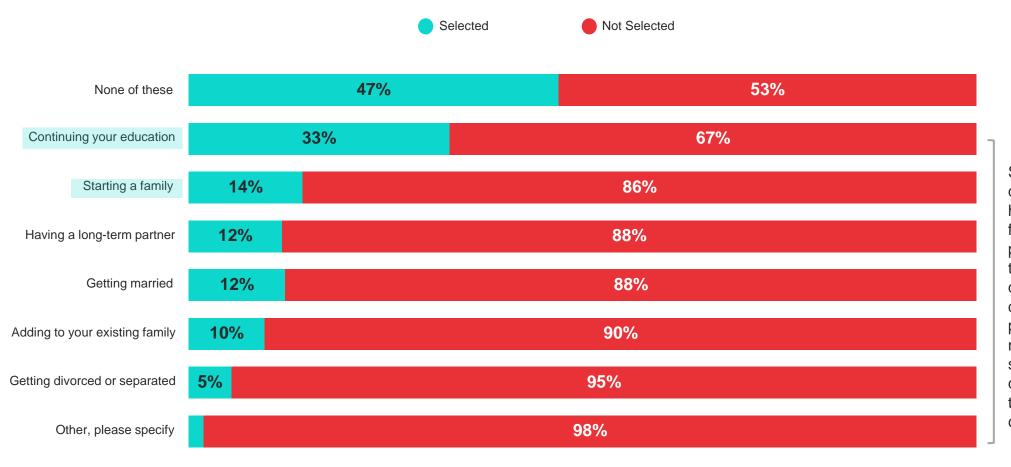
Did student debt delay your decision to move out of a family member's home after college?





Approximately half of student loan debt holders say their debt has impacted their life choices. One third say it has impacted their education (33%) while 14% say it has impacted their decision to start a family.

Do you feel student loan debt has delayed any of the following life choices? Please select all that apply.



Student loan debt holders holding debt for multiple people and those who say debt has delayed a home purchase are more likely to say debt has delayed the tested life choices.



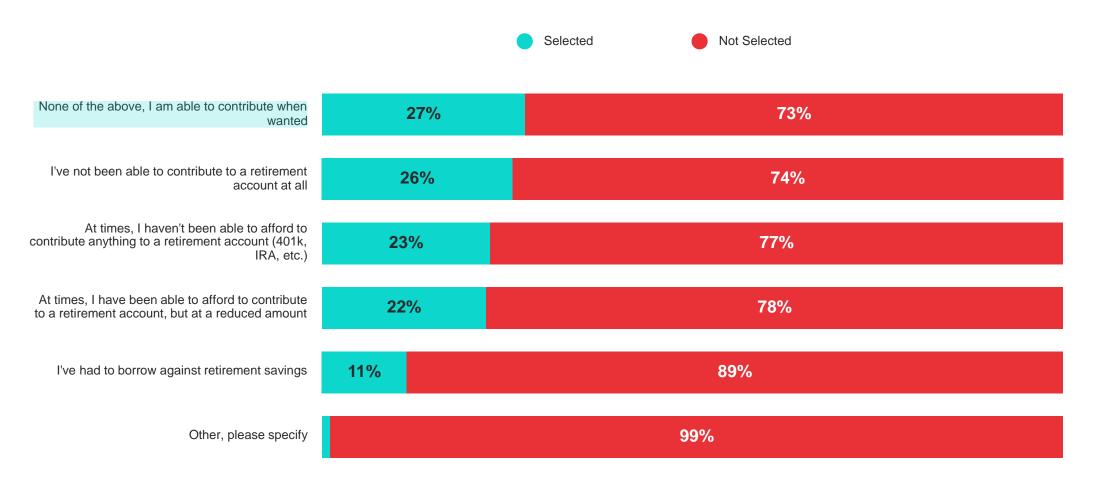
Student loan debt has impacted life choices across generation, gender, income and race/ethnicity.

Do you feel student loan debt has delayed any of the following life choices? Please select all that apply.

	Generation				Income			Gender		Race/ethnicity		
	GenZers (1997 – 2012)	Millennials (1981 – 1996)		Baby Boomers (1946 – 1964)	Under \$50k	\$50k – \$100k	\$100k +	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black
None of these		32%	52%	70%	45%	48%	50%	42%	51%	49%	38%	41%
Continuing your education	33%	42%	32%	20%	37%	31%	28%	32%	34%	32%	35%	36%
Starting a family	23%	23%	10%	3%	13%	17%	13%	18%	11%	14%	16%	16%
Having a long-term partner	17%	16%	9%	7%	13%	9%	14%	16%	9%	11%	12%	13%
Getting married	20%	16%	11%	5%	13%	13%	9%	14%	11%	11%	13%	13%
Adding to your existing family		17%	7%	2%	8%	11%	11%	14%	6%	10%	10%	8%
Getting divorced or separated	70/2	7%	6%	4%	5%	5%	6%	6%	5%	5%	4%	5%

Most student loan debt holders say student loan debt has impacted their ability to save for retirement. One quarter say they haven't been able to contribute to a retirement account at all (26%).

How has your student loan debt impacted your ability to save for retirement? Please select all that apply.





Renters (34%) are more likely to say they have not been able to contribute to retirement at all, while homeowners are more likely to say they've contributed at reduced amounts (27%).

How has your student loan debt impacted your ability to save for retirement? Please select all that apply.

		Income	Earners	Homeownership					
	Under \$50k	\$50k – \$100k	\$100k +	0-1	>1	Homeowner	Renter	Live in Multigenerational Household	Debt Delaying Home Purchase
I've not been able to contribute to a retirement account at all	1 /1/10/2 1	18%	6%	31%	20%	16%	34%	23%	38%
At times, I haven't been able to afford to contribute anything to a retirement account	17%	25%	32%	19%	26%	26%	21%	30%	28%
At times, I have been able to afford to contribute to a retirement account, but at a reduced amount	14%	26%	34%	17%	27%	27%	19%	28%	23%
I've had to borrow against retirement savings	1 %	14%	16%	11%	12%	12%	12%	15%	13%
None of the above/I've been able to contribute when wanted	760/-	28%	30%	27%	27%	31%	24%	20%	11%

One quarter of student loan debt holders say if they paid off their loans they would put additional money towards the purchase of a home (24%).

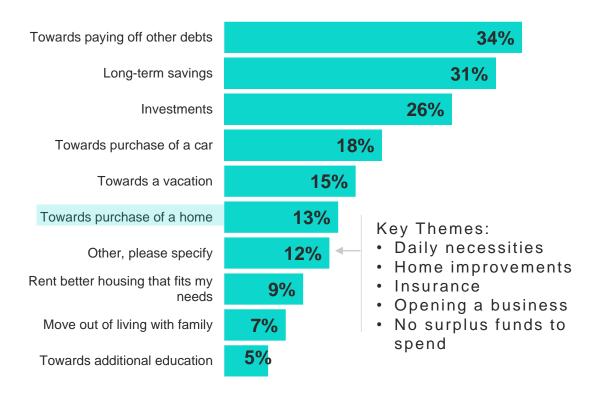
If you did not have to pay student loans every month, where would you put that additional money? Please select all that apply.

Among adults who have not paid off student loan debt

Long-term savings 43% Towards paying off other debts 40% 38% Investments Towards purchase of a home 24% Millennials (31%), renters Towards purchase of a car 22% (33%), Black debt holders 21% Towards a vacation (28%) and those who say debt is 13% Towards additional education delaying a home Rent better housing that fits my purchase (46%) 12% needs are more likely to say they 9% Move out of living with family would use funds Other, please specify towards the purchase of a home.

Now that you're not having to pay student loans every month, where have you put that additional money? Please select all that apply.

Among adults who have paid off student loan debt

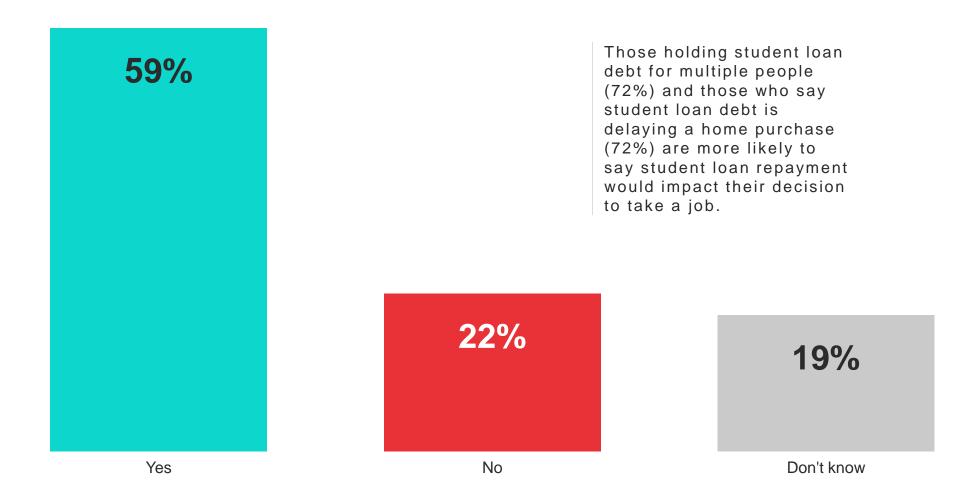


n size = 1731, margin of error is \pm - 2%

n size = 264, margin of error is \pm -6%

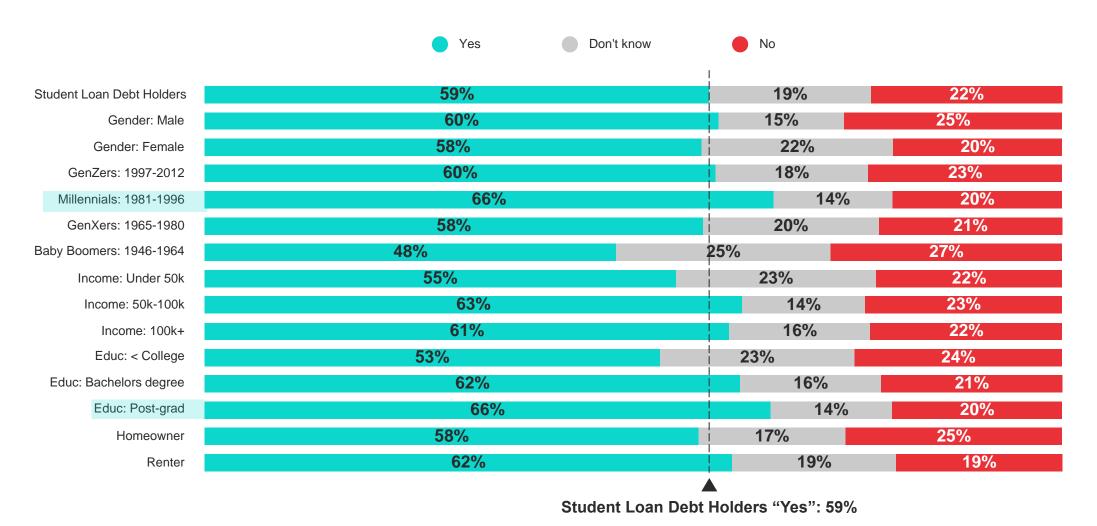
Over half of student loan debt holders say an employer offering student loan repayment would impact their decision to take a job (59%).

All other things being equal, would your decision to take a job be impacted if an employer offered student loan repayment?



Millennials (66%) and post-graduates (66%) are more likely to say an employer offering student loan repayment would impact their decision to take a job.

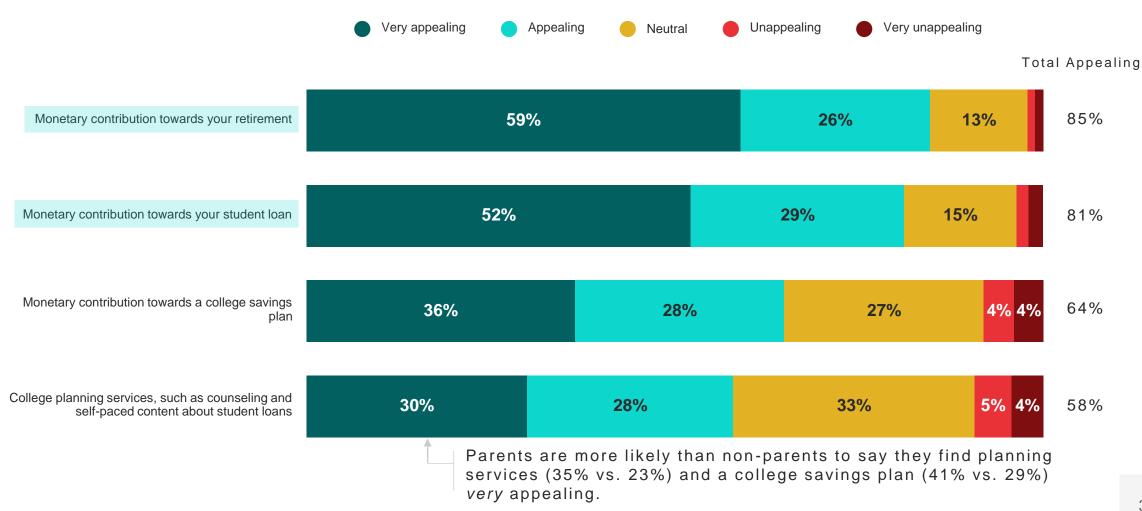
All other things being equal, would your decision to take a job be impacted if an employer offered student loan repayment?



IMPACT ON DECISION MAKING

Half or more student loan debt holders say benefits like monetary contributions to their retirement (59%) and student loans (52%) are *very* appealing.

How appealing, if at all, would the following employee benefits be if they were offered by your employer?



AGENDA

STATUS OF STUDENT LOAN DEBT

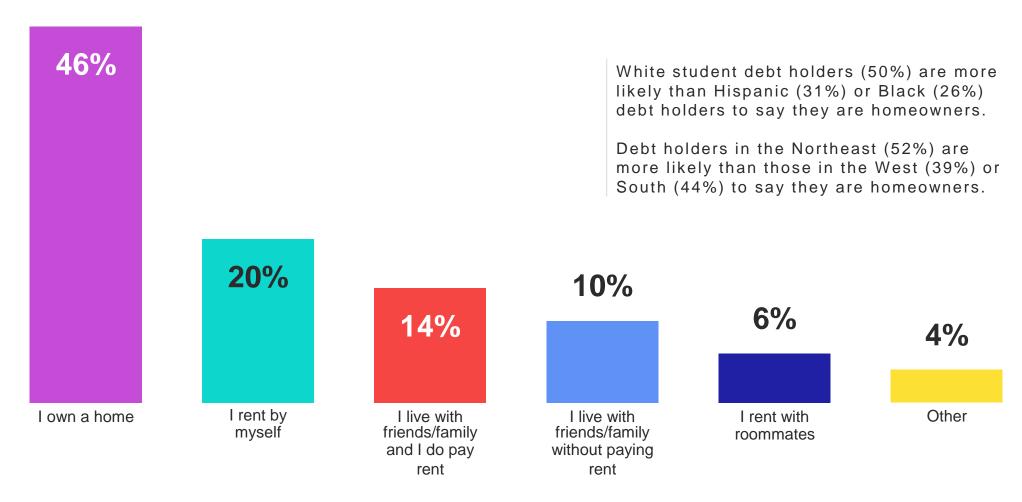
IMPACT OF STUDENT LOAN DEBT ON DECISION MAKING

IMPACT OF STUDENT LOAN DEBT ON HOMEOWNERSHIP



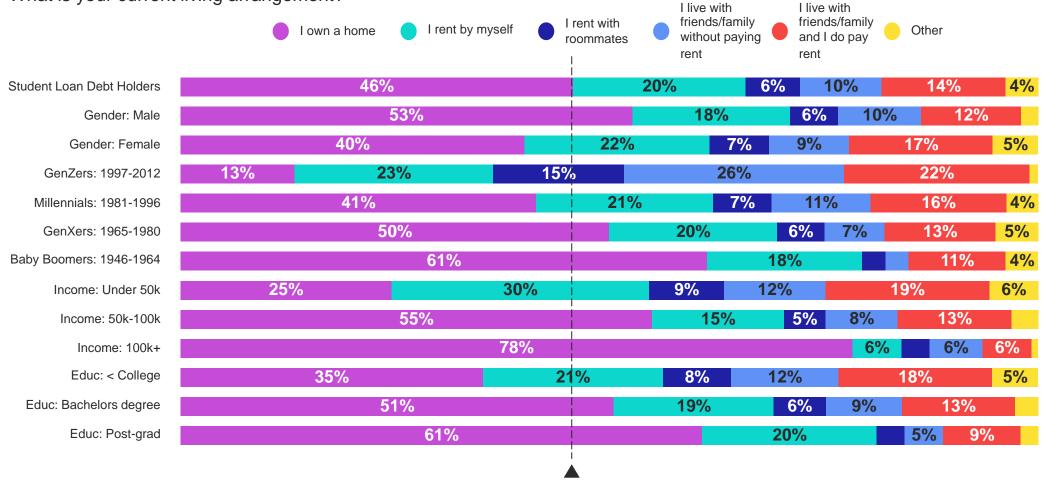
Approximately half of student loan debt holders say they currently own a home (46%).

What is your current living arrangement?



Likelihood to own a home among student loan debt holders increases with age, income status, and education.

What is your current living arrangement?



Half of non-homeowners say student loan debt is delaying them from purchasing a home (51%).

Is student loan debt delaying you from buying a home?

17%

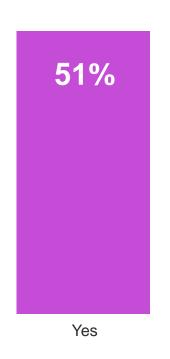
No, student loan

debt has had no

impact on my ability

to purchase a home

Among adults who have, or have had in the last two years, student loan debt and do not own a home



White student debt holders (52%) are more likely than Black debt holders (43%) to say student loan debt is delaying them from purchasing a home.

Debt holders in the Northeast (61%) are more likely than those in the Midwest (45%), South (50%), or West (50%) to say student loan debt is delaying a home purchase.



home



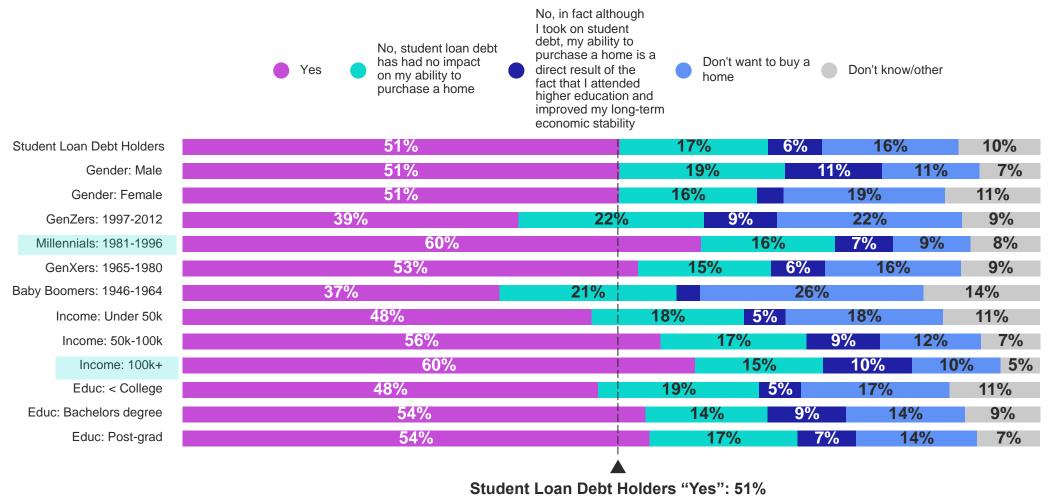
Don't know/other

6%

Non-homeowner Millennials (60%) and those making \$100k+ (60%) are more likely to say student loan debt is delaying them from buying a home.

Is student loan debt delaying you from buying a home?

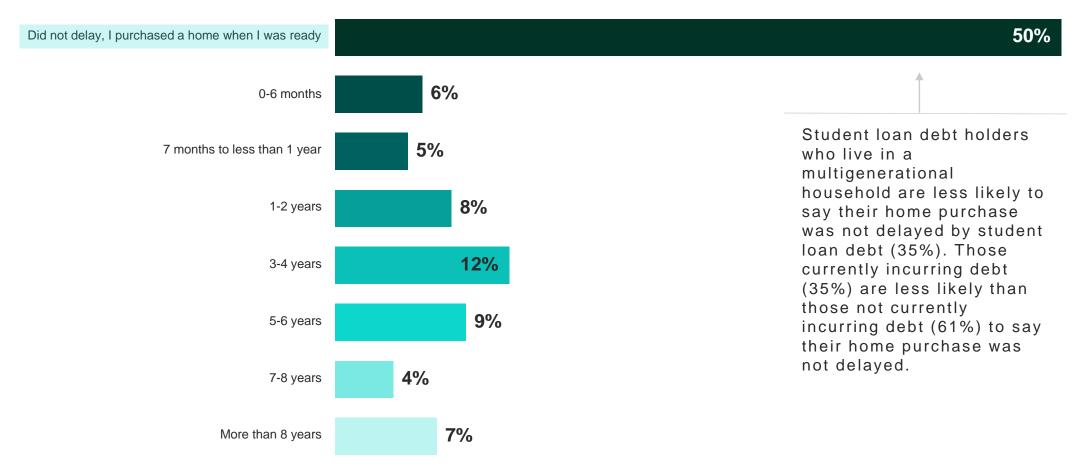




Among homeowners, half say student loan debt delayed them from purchasing a home (50%). Delays ranged from less than a year (11%) to more than 8 years (7%).

While paying off your student loans, how long did debt delay you from purchasing a home?

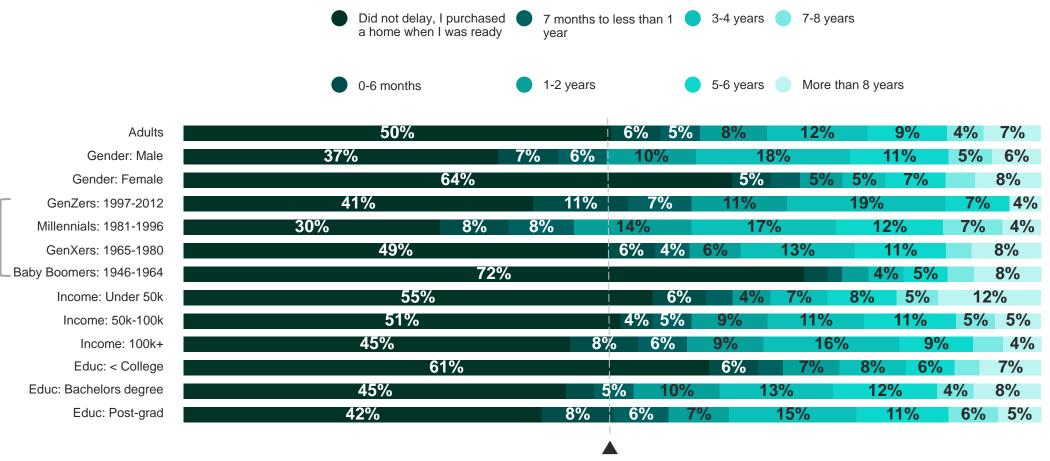
Among adults who have, or have had in the last two years, student loan debt and who currently own a home



Boomers (72%) and GenXers (49%) are less likely than Millennials (30%) and GenZers (41%) to say student loan debt delayed them purchasing a home.

While paying off your student loans, how long did debt delay you from purchasing a home?

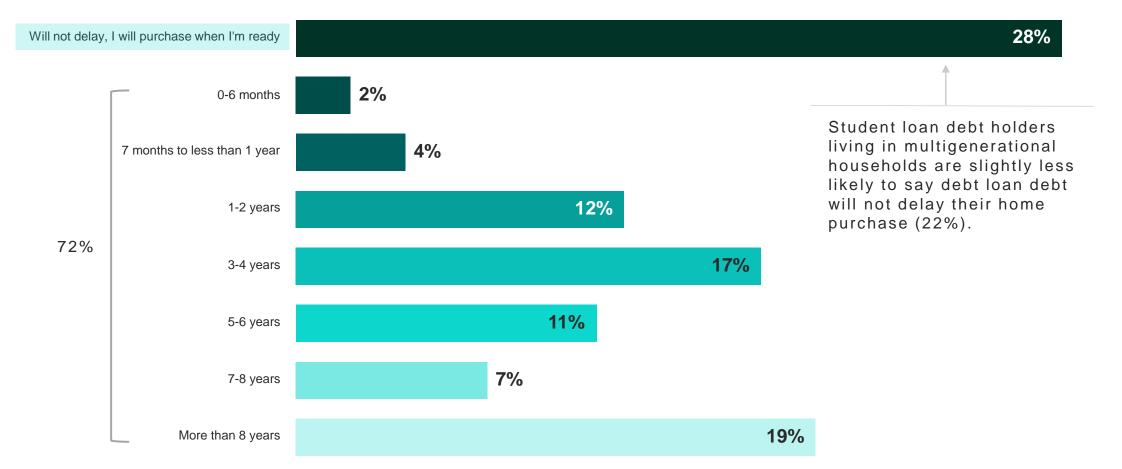
Among adults who have, or have had in the last two years, student loan debt and who currently own a home



Most non-homeowner student debt holders say they believe student loan debt will delay them from purchasing a home (72%).

While paying off your student loans, do you believe debt will delay you from purchasing a home?

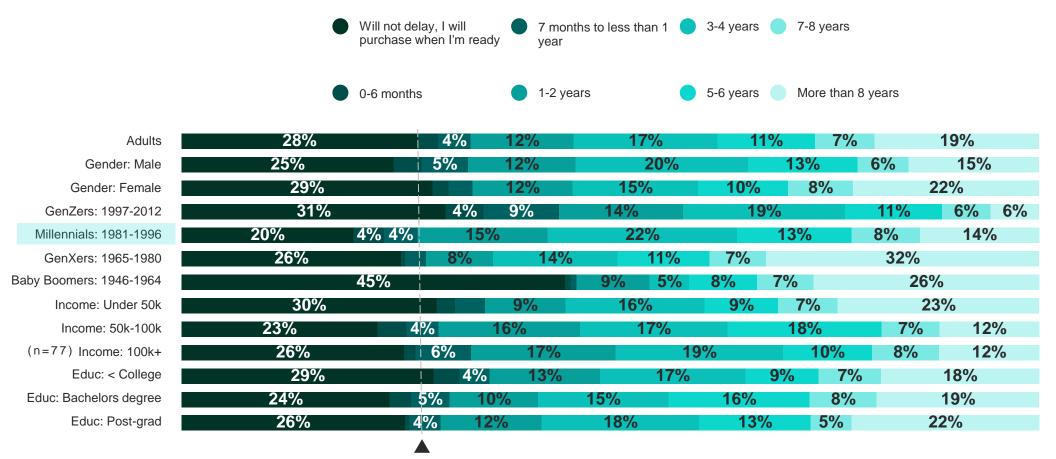
Among adults who have student loan debt and who are not homeowners



Millennials are less likely to say student loan debt will not delay them from purchasing a home (20%).

While paying off your student loans, do you believe debt will delay you from purchasing a home?

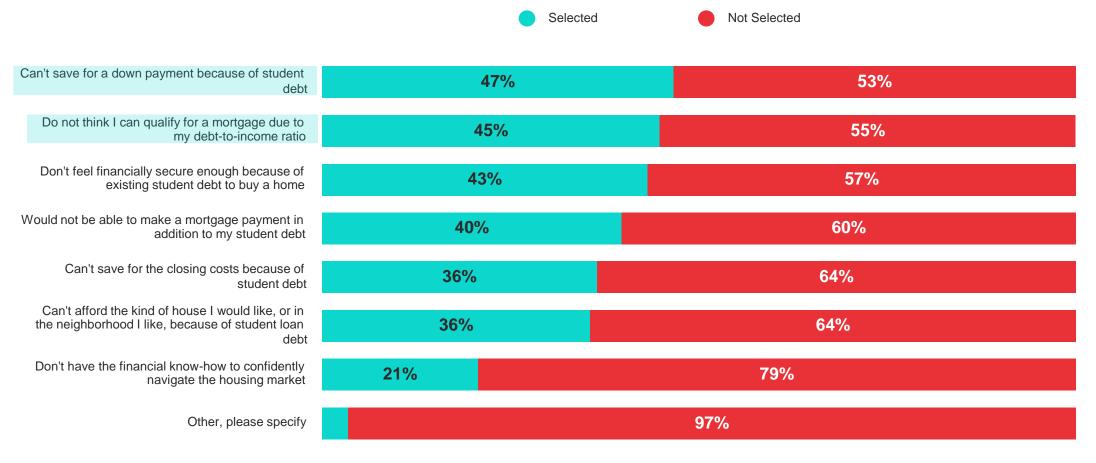
Among adults who have student loan debt and who are not homeowners



Nearly half of student loan debt holders say debt is delaying them from buying a home because they can't save for a down payment (47%) and don't think they qualify for a mortgage (45%).

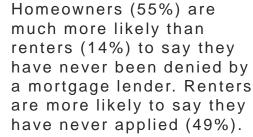
Why do you think that student loan debt is delaying you from buying a home? Please select all that apply.

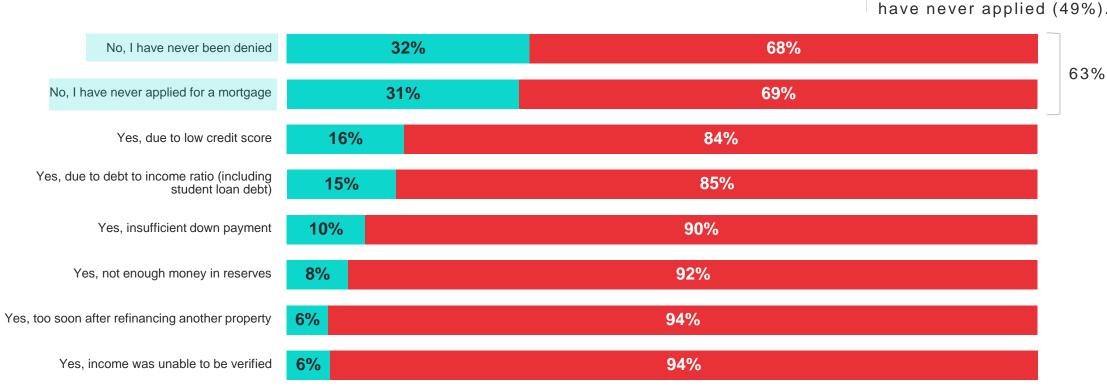
Among adults who say student loan debt is delaying them from buying a home



Nearly two thirds of student loan debt holders say they have never formally been declined by a mortgage lender (63%).

Have you ever been declined by a mortgage lender? Please select all that apply.





Selected

Not Selected

Reported mortgage denial varies by generation and income, as well as other factors. Thinking about generation, while approximately the same percentage of GenXers (30% not applied) and Millennials (33% not applied) have applied, GenXers (37%) are more likely than Millennials (20%) to say they have never been denied.

Have you ever been declined by a mortgage lender? Please select all that apply.

	Generation				Income			Other		
	GenZers (1997 – 2012)	Millennials (1981 – 1996)	GenXers (1965 – 1980)	Baby Boomers (1946 – 1964)	Under \$50k	\$50k – \$100k	\$100k +	Multigenerational Household		Holding Debt for Multiple People
No, I have never been denied	1/1%	20%	37%	53%	19%	42%	47%	25%	9%	25%
No, I have never applied for a mortgage	(49%)	33%	30%	21%	45%	22%	15%	25%	43%	10%
Yes, due to low credit score	8%	19%	16%	13%	18%	15%	12%	17%	20%	25%
Yes, due to debt to income ratio (incl. student debt)	9%	18%	14%	11%	15%	16%	12%	20%	19%	26%
Yes, insufficient down payment	111%	13%	8%	9%	11%	10%	9%	14%	18%	22%
Yes, not enough money in reserves		9%	9%	6%	9%	7%	9%	11%	15%	14%
Yes, too soon after refinancing another property	9%	9%	5%	0%	4%	6%	9%	12%	7%	18%
Yes, income was unable to be verified	h 0/-	9%	5%	1%	5%	5%	9%	10%	7%	20%

One third of non-homeowners who have taken forbearance on student loan debt say they don't think it will impact their ability to get a mortgage (34%). 29% say they don't think they'll be able to get a mortgage until they repay the forborne portion of their federal loan.

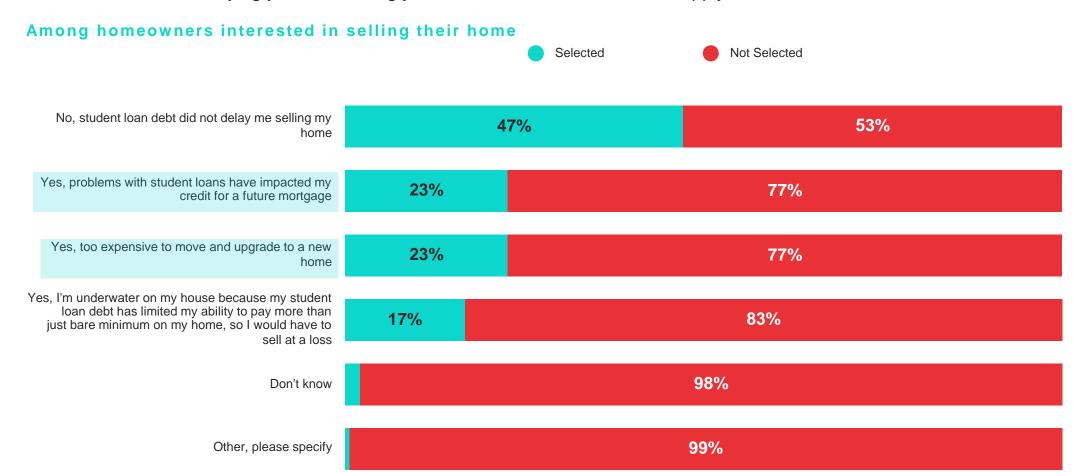
Thinking about when you're ready to purchase a home, which of the following describes your ability to gain housing finance after taking forbearance on student loan? Please select all that apply.

Among non-homeowners who have taken forbearance on student loan debt



One quarter of homeowners say student loan debt is delaying them from selling their home because debt has impact credit for a future mortgage (23%) and it's too expensive to move (23%).

Is student loan debt delaying you from selling your home? Please select all that apply.



When asked to leave a comment, student loan debt holders mostly talk about the high cost of student loans, the impact on their ability to purchase a home, and the need for education prior to taking a loan. A few talk about understanding the responsibility prior to taking out loans.

Are there any other comments you would like to leave about the impact student loan debt has had or your ability or decision to purchase a home?

HIGH COST OF STUDENT LOAN DEBT

66

"Student loans are crushing an entire generation."

IMPACT ON ABILITY TO PURCHASE A HOME

"My ability to save money for a future home was put on hold due to student loan debt. Although repayment is complete, I have had to opt to rent versus buying a home. Renting had become much more expensive in the long run."

NEED FOR EDUCATION

66

"Yes, student loan debt is crippling and needs to be revised. Why are we not promoting and helping to educate ourselves as a nation."

UNDERSTANDING OF RESPONSIBILITY

66

"I knew what I was doing when I took out the student loans and I am responsible for paying them."

66

"Student loan are an unreasonable burden."

66

"If my student loan debt was gone I would be able to save for a house and purchase a new house within the next year."

66

"I wish people were taught more about student loans before they get them." "I've had no problems with student loan debt because when I borrowed the money

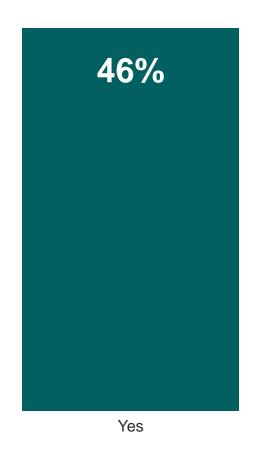
when I borrowed the money I only borrowed what I absolutely needed. I knew I would be responsible for paying it back. Because of this I was able to pay off the debt before buying a house"

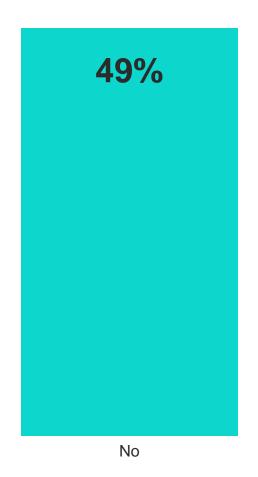
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NAR STUDENT LOAN DEBT

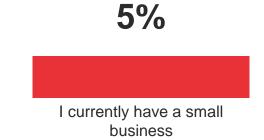


Have you ever had, or do you currently have, any interest in starting a small business?

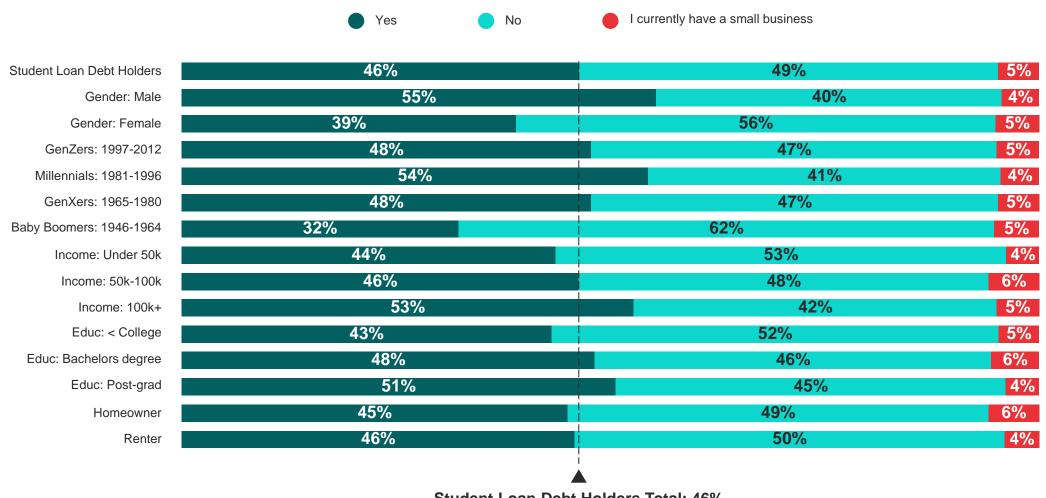




Black (56%) and Hispanic (53%) student debt holders are more likely than White debt holders (45%) to say they're interested in starting a small business.



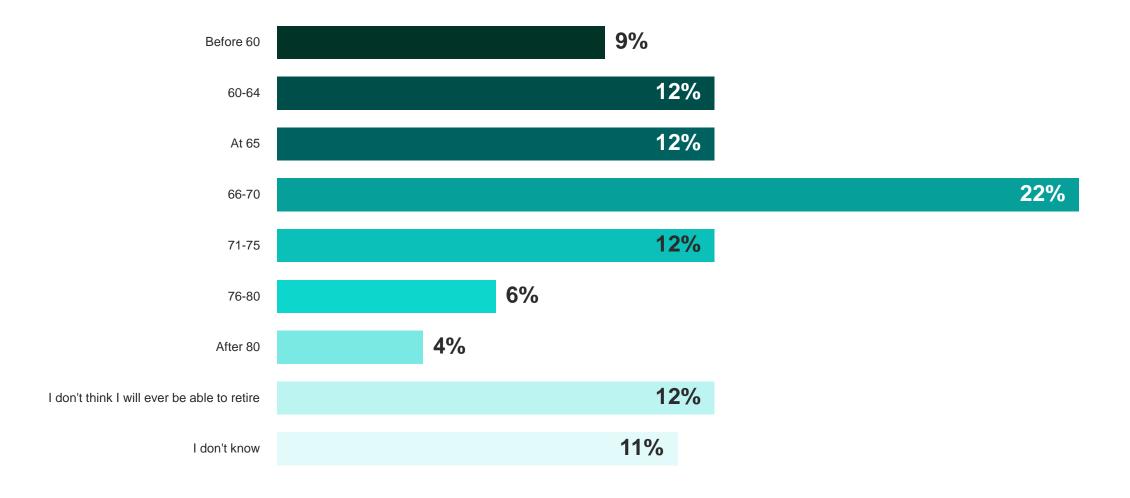
Have you ever had, or do you currently have, any interest in starting a small business?



Student Loan Debt Holders Total: 46%

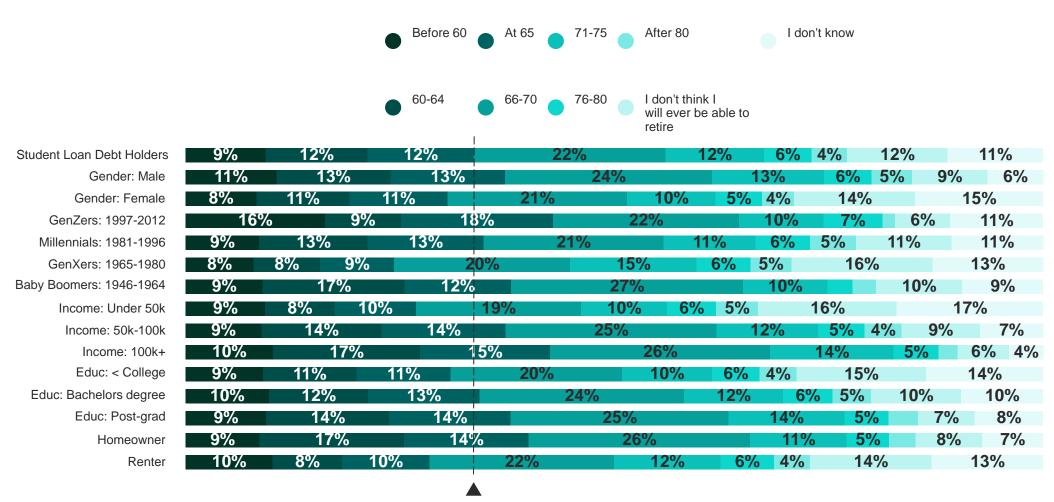


At what age do you think you will be able to retire?

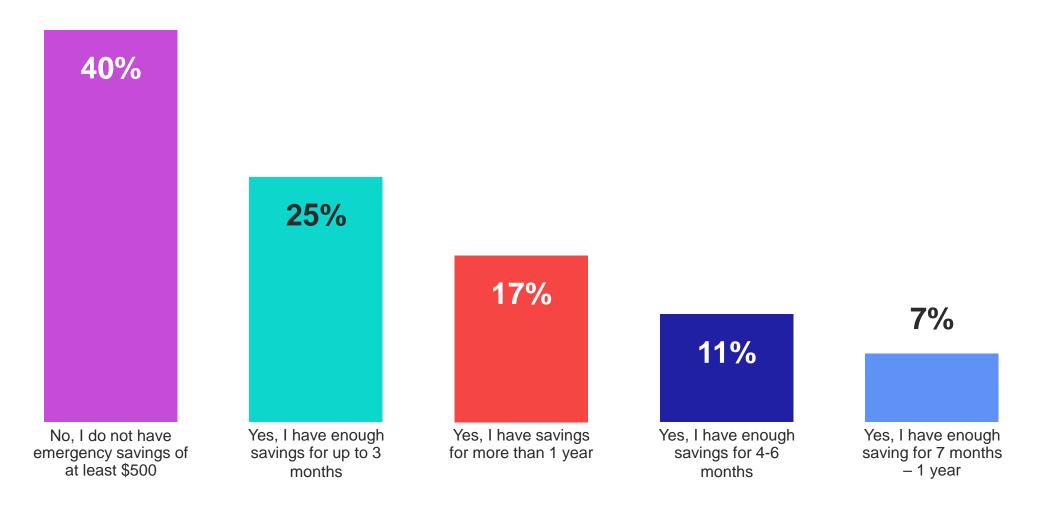




At what age do you think you will be able to retire?

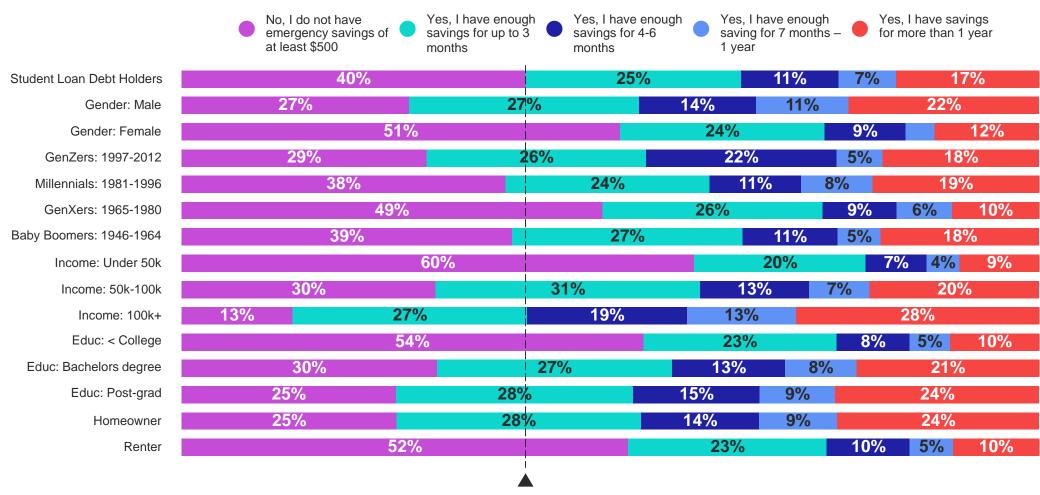


Do you have emergency savings of at least \$500?



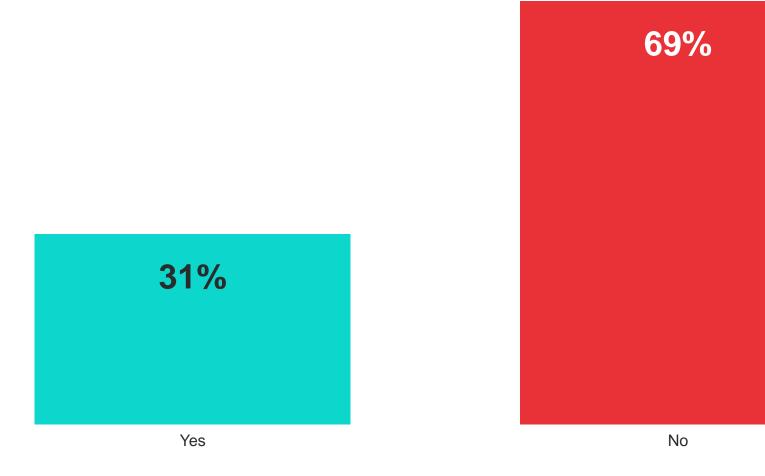


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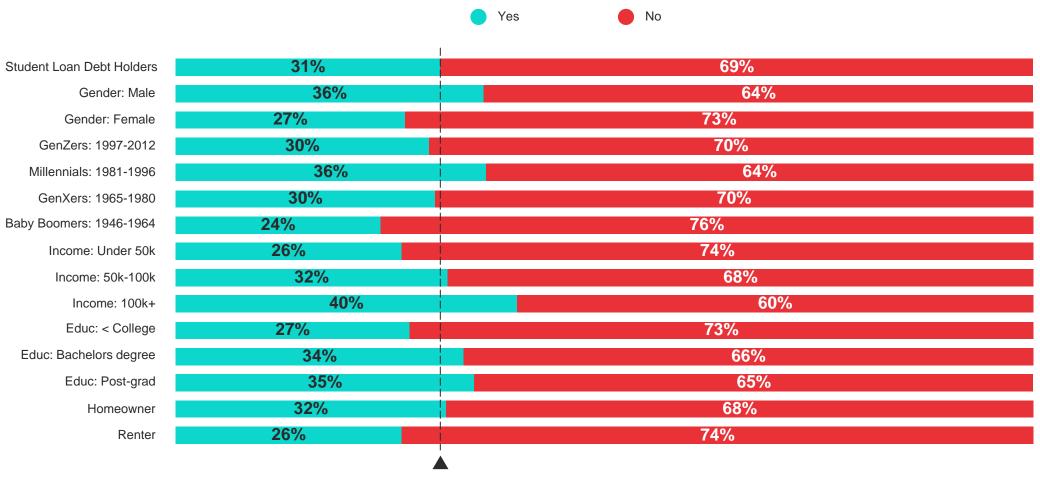
Student Loan Debt Holders Total "No": 40%

Do you currently live in a multi-generational home that houses more than you, your partner, and/or children under the age of 18 (such as adult siblings, adult children, and/or grandparents, etc.)?



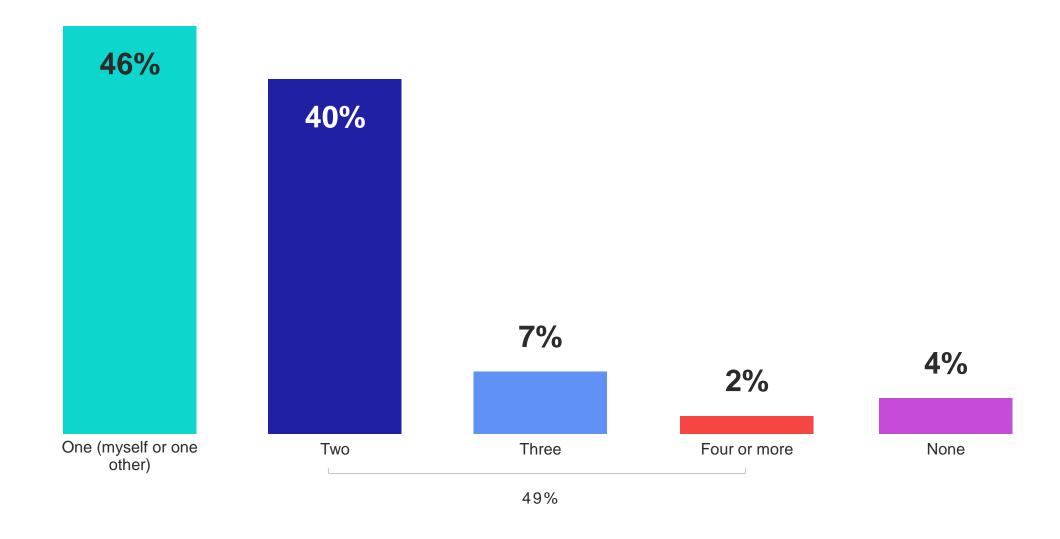


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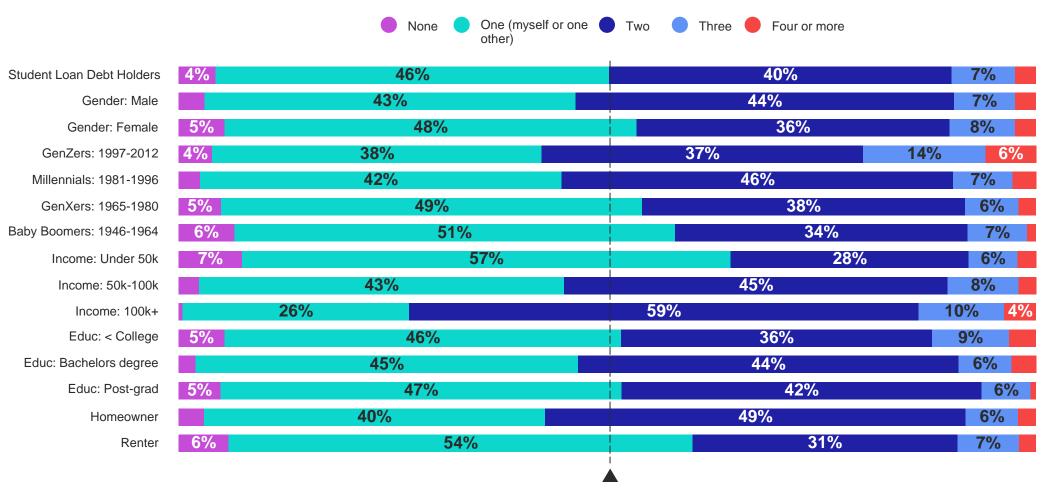


Student Loan Debt Holders Total "Yes": 31%

How many income earners are there in your household?

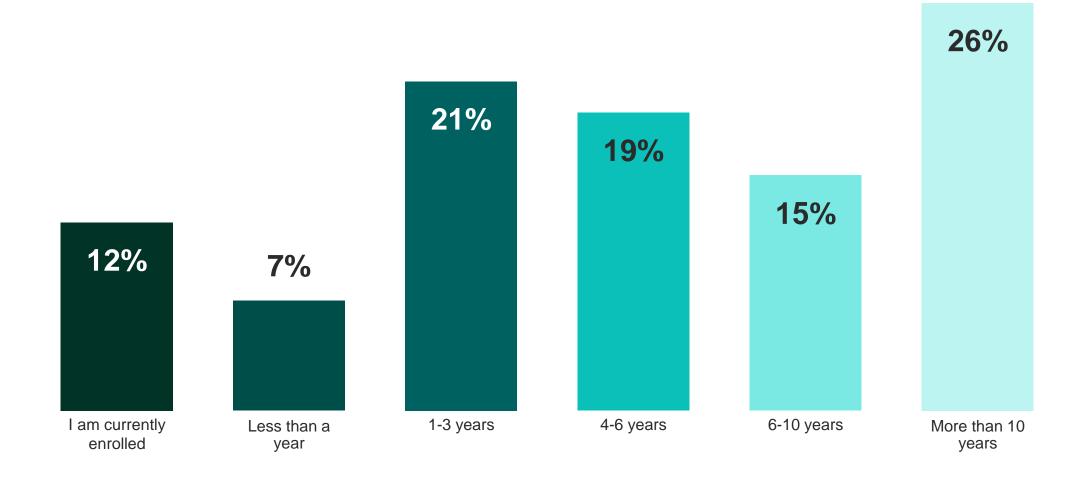


How many income earners are there in your household?

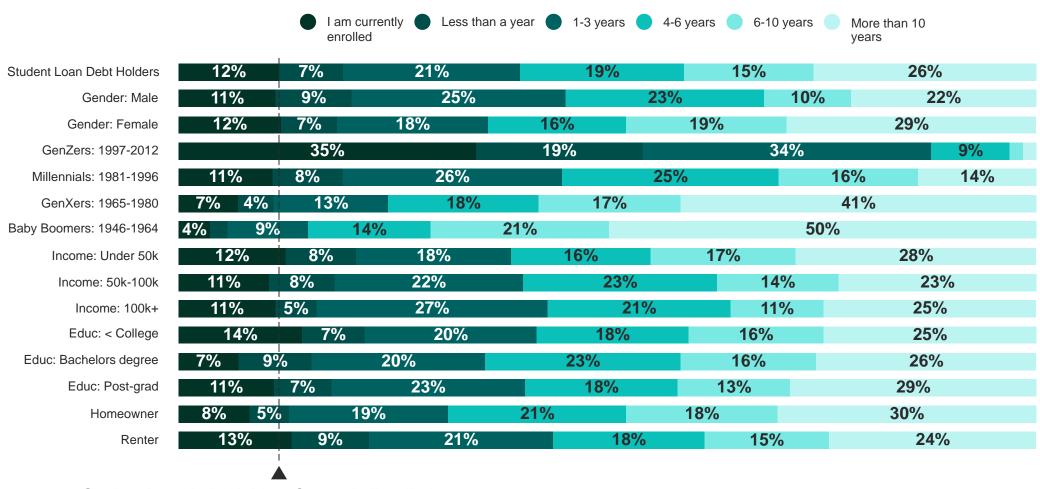


Student Loan Debt Holders 0-1 Earners: 50%

How long has it been since you were enrolled in the higher education for which you took on student debt?



How long has it been since you were enrolled in the higher education for which you took on student debt?



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