

State Employment Monitor

March 2020

National Association of REALTORS®
Research Group



**NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION OF
REALTORS®**

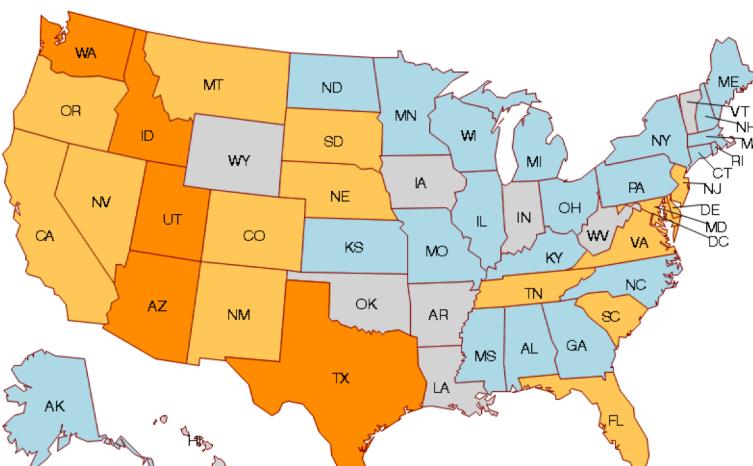


State Employment Monitor

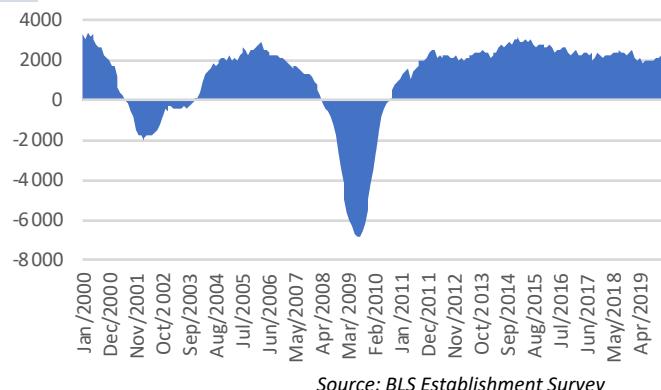
Employment and income are key factors affecting the demand for and supply of residential and commercial real estate. This month's report discusses the latest state employment and wage trends.

42 states and D.C. saw y/y jobs gains in February 2020

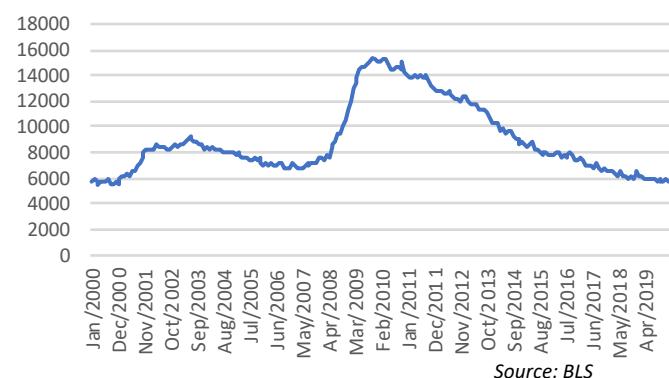
- Non-farm payroll jobs increased by 2.3 million in February 2020 from one year ago. The number of unemployed fell to 5.8 million, and the unemployment rate fell to 3.5%. The impact of the coronavirus crisis which escalated in February 2020 is not yet reflected in the February employment data.
- 42 states and the District of Columbia had job gains, with the strongest gains in Washington (3.0%), Utah (2.9%), Arizona (2.7%), Idaho (2.5%), Texas (2.4%), Colorado (1.9%), South Carolina (1.9%), Florida (1.8%), Tennessee (1.8%), and California (1.7%). Twenty-four states had higher y/y job gains in February compared to the average job gains in the prior 12 months, including California, Texas, Washington, .
- Compared to one year ago, there were fewer non-farm payroll workers in Arkansas (-3,300), Iowa (-1,800), Indiana (-6,000), Oklahoma (-3,700), Vermont (-1,100), West Virginia (-11,000), and Wyoming (-2,100).
- All industries (2-digit level) had job gains, except for mining (-34,800), retail trade (-29,600), and utilities (-2,000). There were 208,000 more construction jobs compared to one year ago and 66,500 more jobs in real estate, rental, and leasing.



Annual Change in Non-farm Employment



Number of Unemployed



Year-on-Year Change in Employment in February 2020

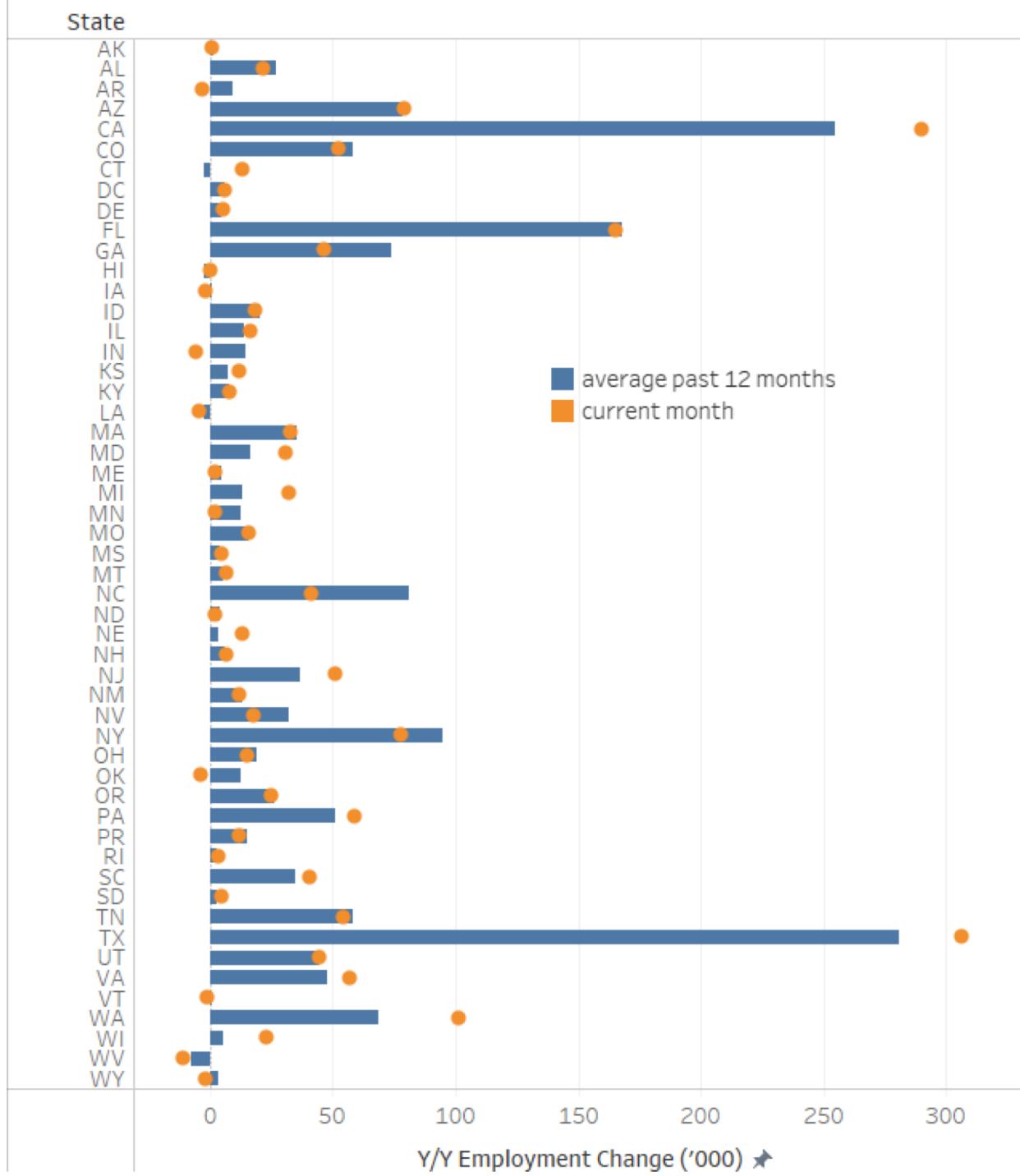


Source: BLS 2



State Employment Monitor

Annual Change in Employment in February 2020 vs.
Average Annual Change in Prior 12 Months

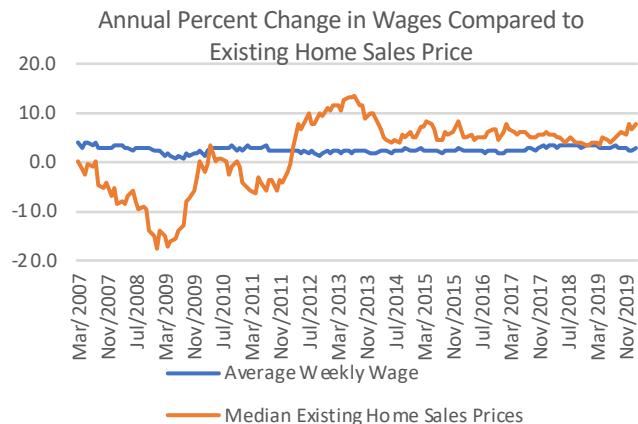
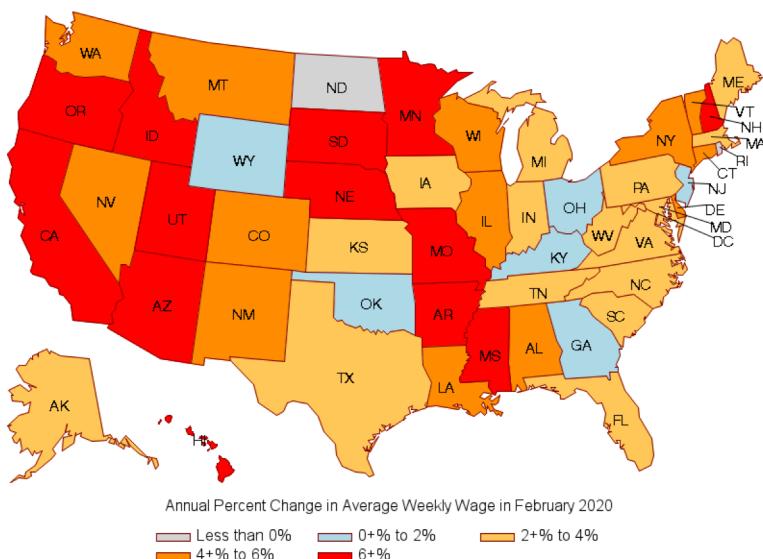




State Employment Monitor

48 states and D.C. had y/y wage gains in February 2020

- Average weekly wages among those employed in private industry rose 3% in February 2020 from one year ago.
- Wage rose in all states except North Dakota and Rhode Island. The states with the highest wage growth were Hawaii (12.2%), District of Columbia (11.4%), Arizona (8.4%), Idaho (8.3%), Utah (7.9%), Nebraska (7.4%), California (7.3%), South Dakota (7.3%), Oregon (7.2%), and Minnesota (7.1%). Wage rose at a faster pace than the state home price appreciation in 32 states.
- Payroll workers in all industries (2-digit level) saw annual increases, although wage growth lagged behind the annual inflation rate of 2.3% in leisure and hospitality (2.2%), wholesale trade (2.1%), utilities (2%), education and health services (2%), and transportation & warehousing (1.7%).
- In industries where workers earned at least \$1,000 weekly, single-earner households were more likely to afford a median priced home (\$270,000 nationally in February 2020), spending no more than 22 percent of wage income on a mortgage payment. Meanwhile a home purchase was unaffordable for leisure, hospitality, retail trade, education and health services, and other services workers where mortgage payments take up more than 25% of estimated annual wages.



Y/Y Increase in Average Weekly Wage in February 2020



	Average Weekly Earnings	Mortgage payment as percent of wage income
Private Industries	\$981	26%
Leisure & Hospitality	\$435	58%
Retail Trade	\$620	40%
Other Services	\$818	31%
Education & Health Services	\$924	27%
Transportation & Warehousing	\$962	26%
Manufacturing	\$1,148	22%
Construction	\$1,232	20%
Wholesale Trade	\$1,234	20%
Professional & Business Services	\$1,247	20%
Financial Activities	\$1,387	18%
Information Services	\$1,557	16%
Mining & Logging	\$1,574	16%
Utilities	\$1,799	14%

Calculations based on February median existing home sales price of \$270,100, 10% D/P, and 3.45% 30-year rate

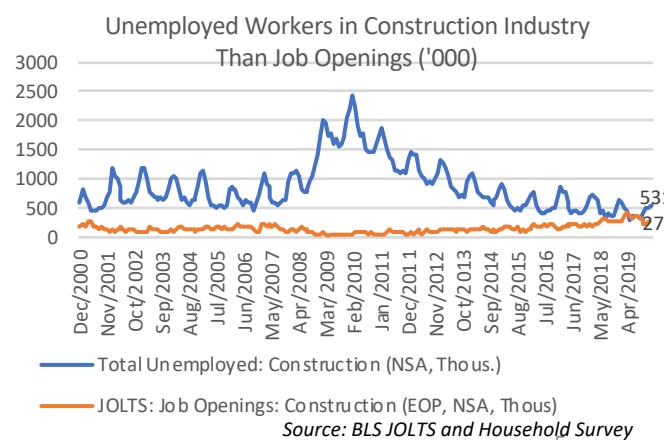
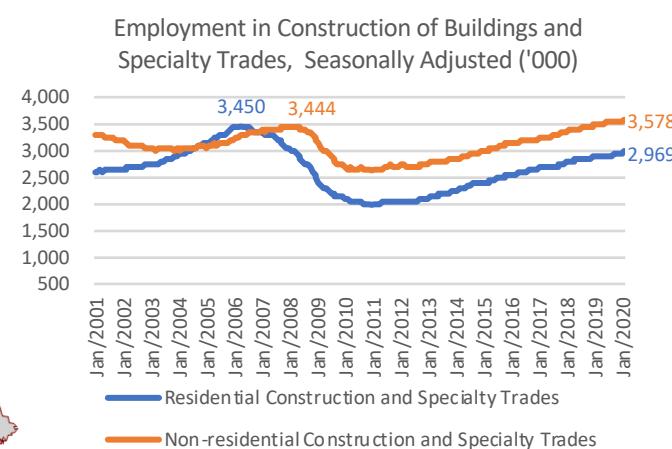
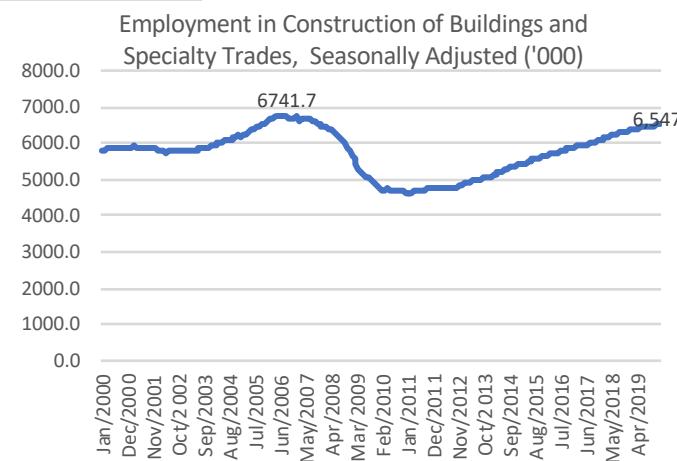
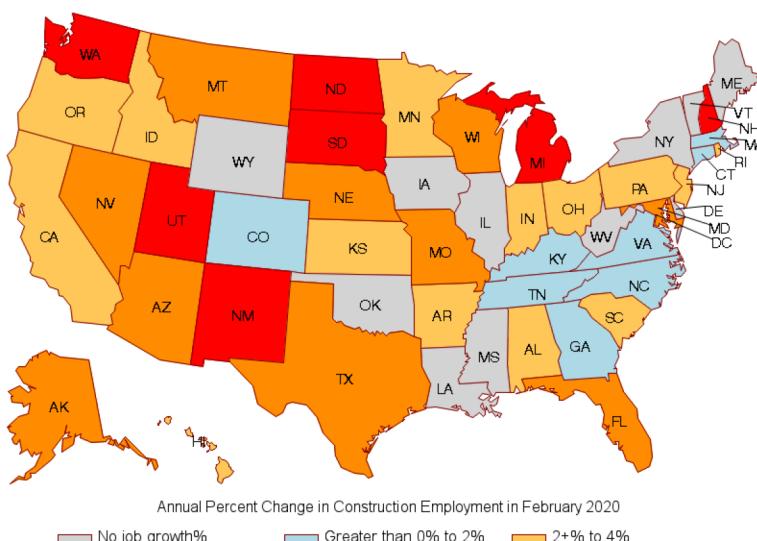
Sources of data: BLS (weekly wage), NAR (median price), Freddie Mac (mortgage rate)



State Employment Monitor

39 states had y/y increase in construction jobs in February 2020

- There were 208,000 new construction industry jobs in February 2020 from one year ago.
- Compared to one year ago, construction jobs rose in 39 states, led by New Mexico (10.6%), South Dakota (9%), North Dakota (8.4%), Washington (8.3%), Michigan (7.6%), New Hampshire (6.2%), Utah (6.2%), Nevada (5.8%), Arizona (5.6%), and Nebraska (5.2%).
- Construction (residential and non-residential) jobs stood at 6.6 million on a seasonally adjusted level, which is about 100,000 below the 6.7 million peak in April 2006. Housing starts have increased to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 1.6 million since December 2019 with the steady increase in construction workers.
- As of February 2020, there were 531,000 unemployed construction workers, which is more than the 274,000 job openings. This means supply of construction labor can meet the demand for labor needed to increase housing supply.



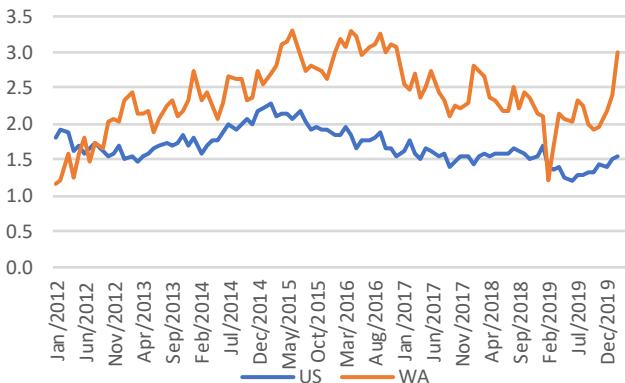


State Employment Monitor

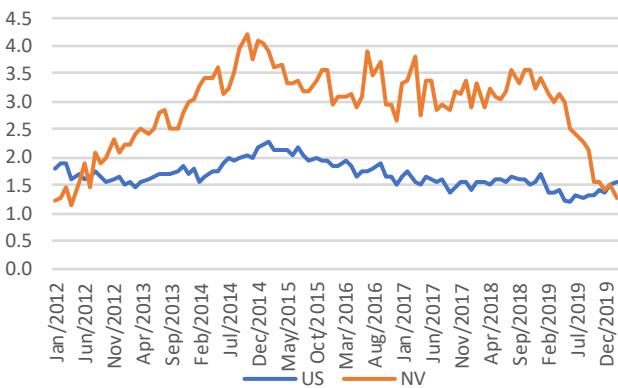
California and U.S. Job Growth



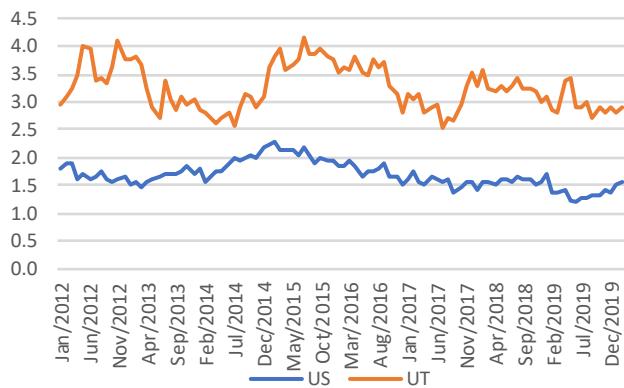
Washington and U.S. Job Growth



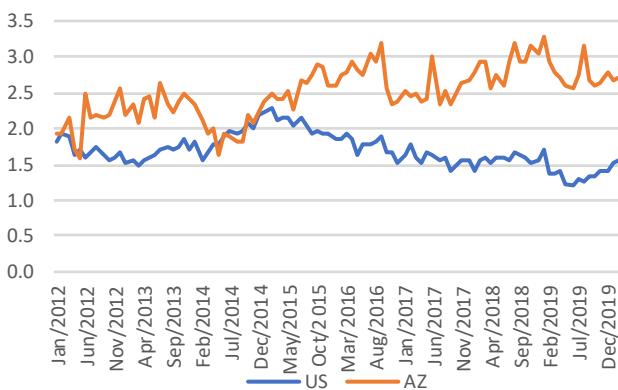
Nevada and U.S. Job Growth



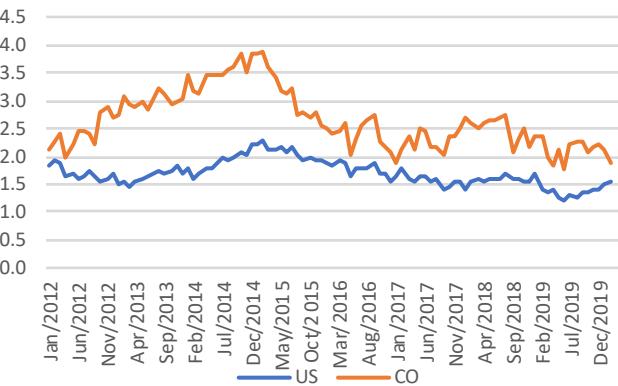
Utah and U.S. Job Growth



Arizona and U.S. Job Growth



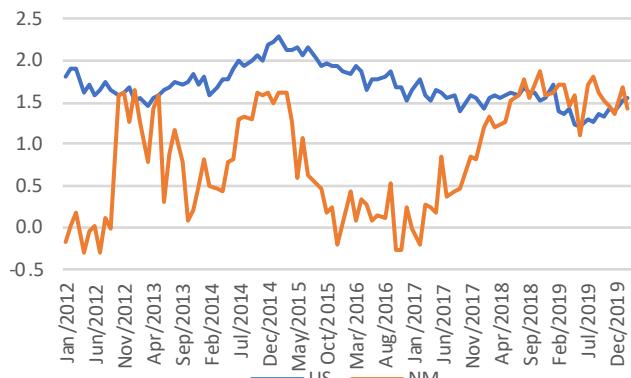
Colorado and U.S. Job Growth





State Employment Monitor

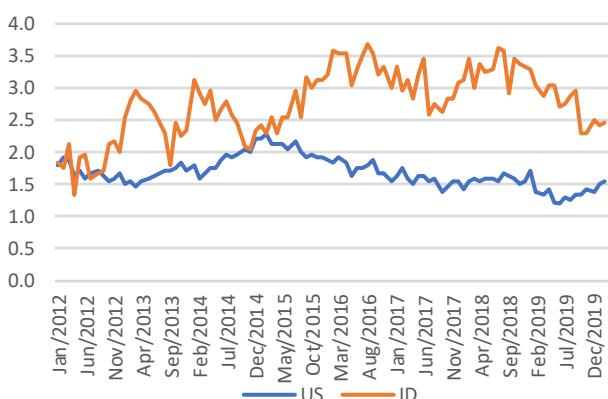
New Mexico and U.S. Job Growth



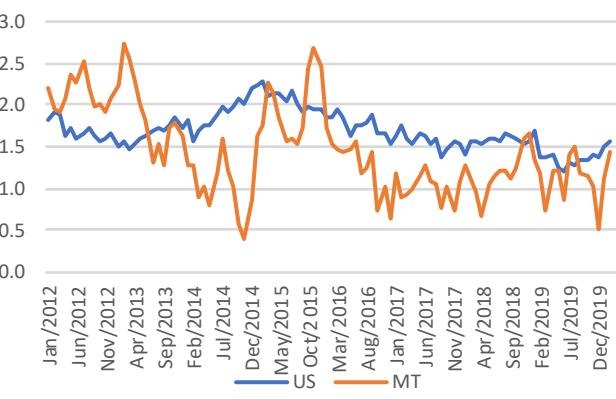
Oregon and U.S. Job Growth



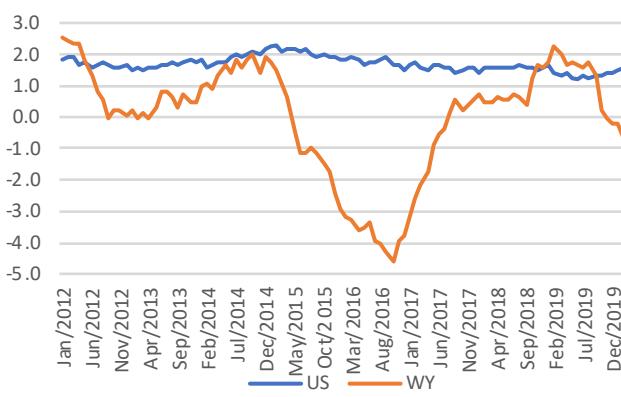
Idaho and U.S. Job Growth



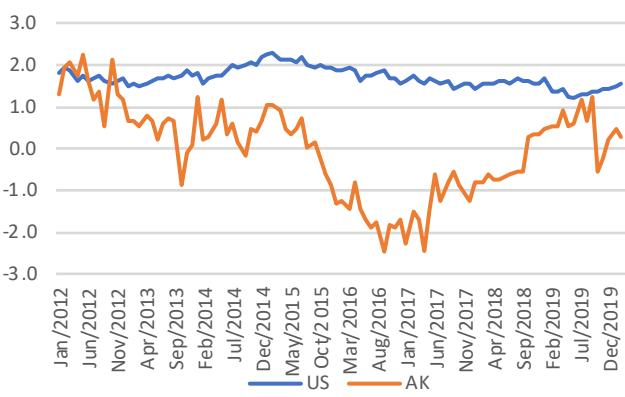
Montana and U.S. Job Growth



Wyoming and U.S. Job Growth



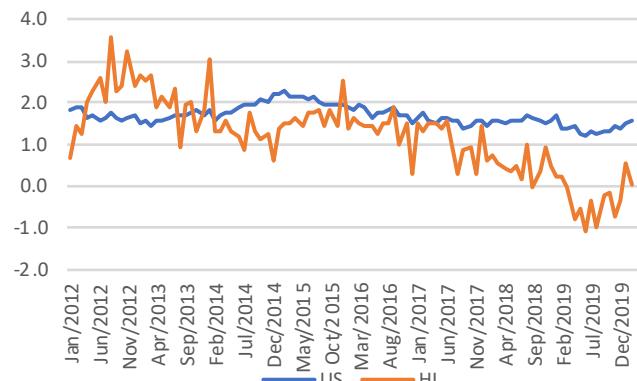
Alaska and U.S. Job Growth





State Employment Monitor

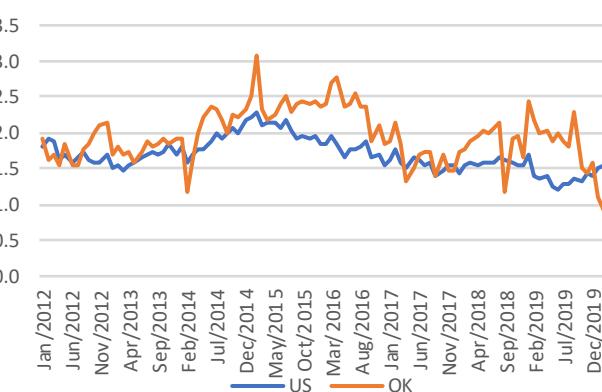
Hawaii and U.S. Job Growth



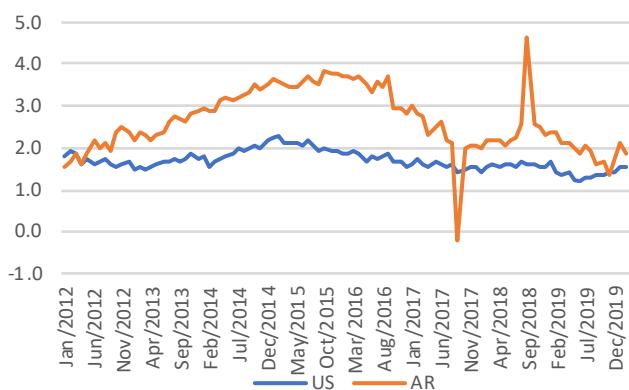
Texas and U.S. Job Growth



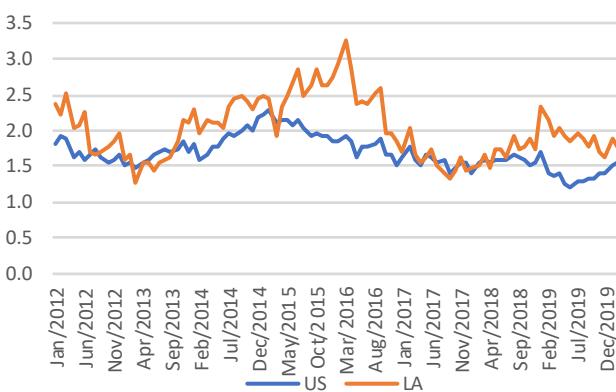
Oklahoma and U.S. Job Growth



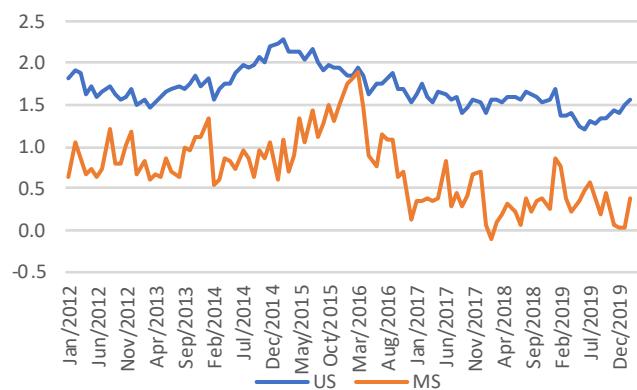
Arkansas and U.S. Job Growth



Louisiana and U.S. Job Growth



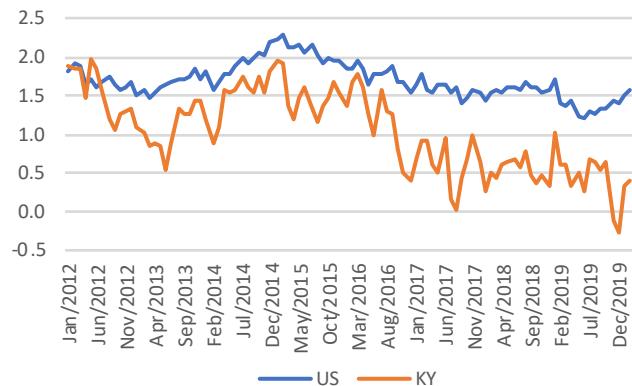
Mississippi and U.S. Job Growth



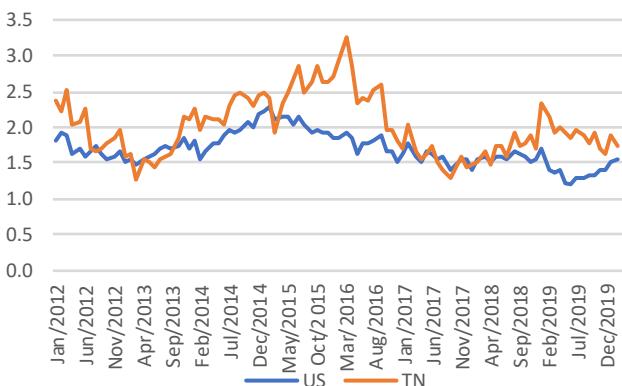


State Employment Monitor

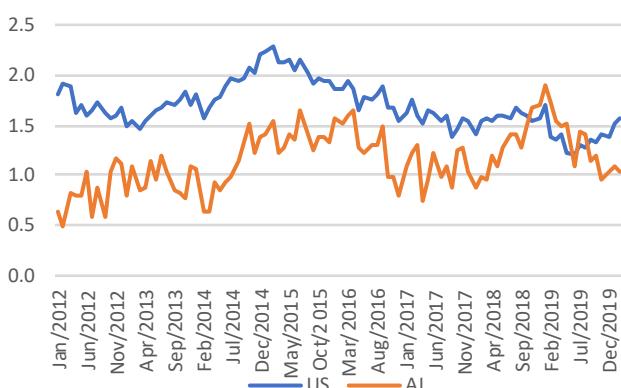
Kentucky and U.S. Job Growth



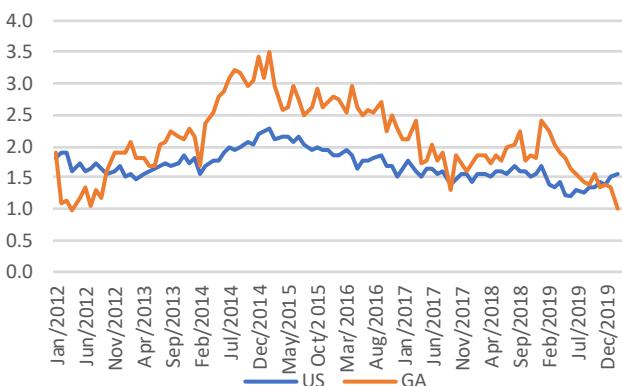
Tennessee and U.S. Job Growth



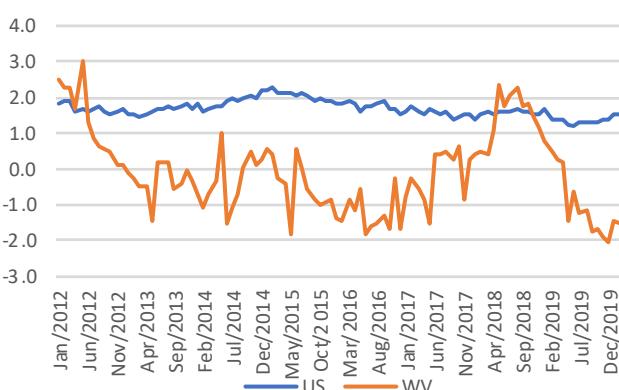
Alabama and U.S. Job Growth



Georgia and U.S. Job Growth



West Virginia and U.S. Job Growth



Delaware and U.S. Job Growth



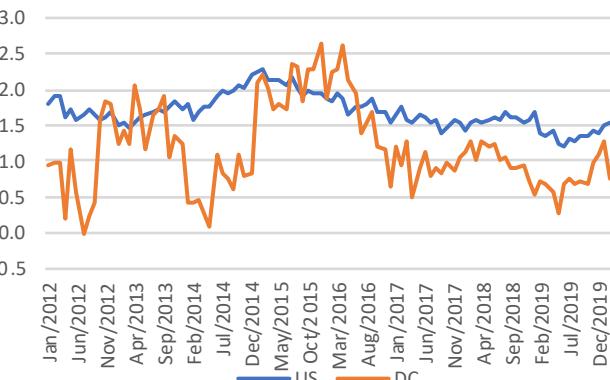


State Employment Monitor

Virginia and U.S. Job Growth



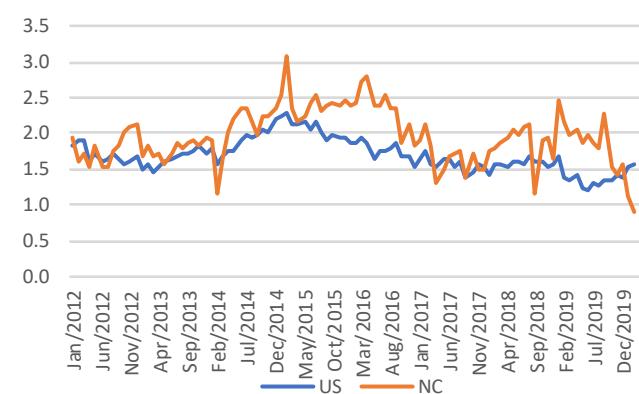
Washington, D.C. and U.S. Job Growth



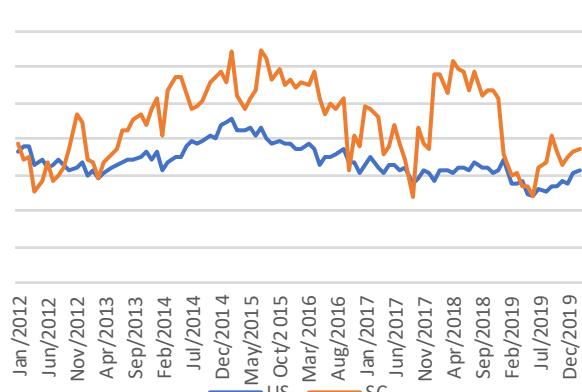
Maryland and U.S. Job Growth



North Carolina and U.S. Job Growth



South Carolina and U.S. Job Growth



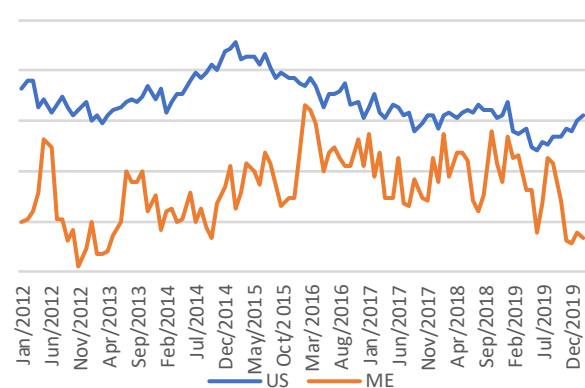
Florida and U.S. Job Growth



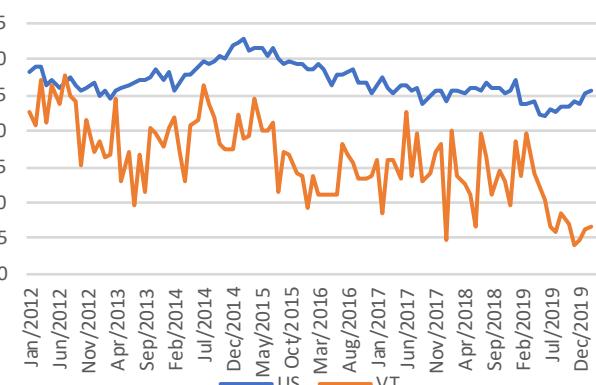


State Employment Monitor

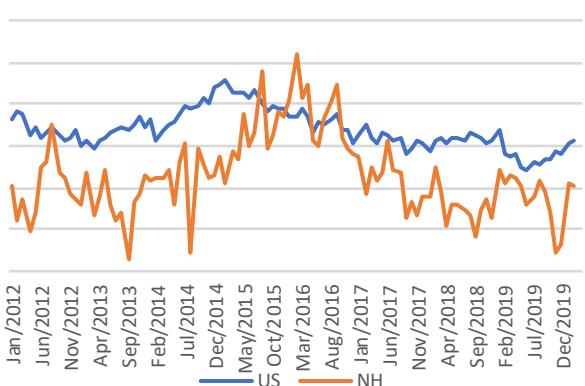
Maine and U.S. Job Growth



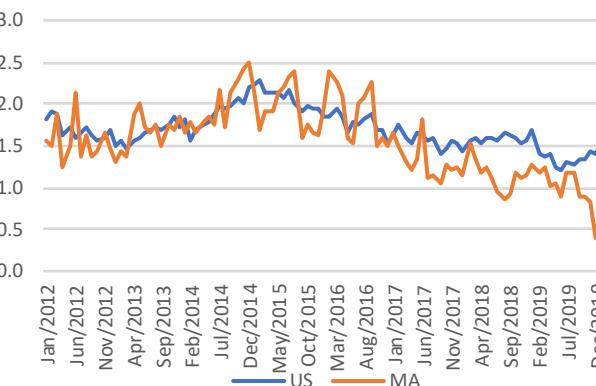
Vermont and U.S. Job Growth



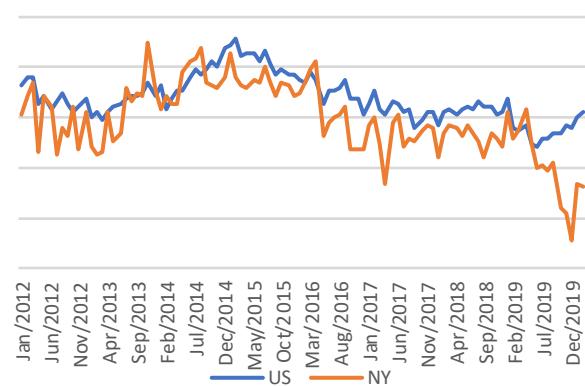
New Hampshire and U.S. Job Growth



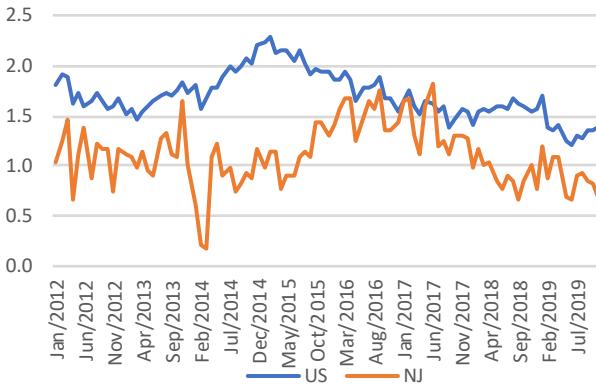
Massachusetts and U.S. Job Growth



New York and U.S. Job Growth



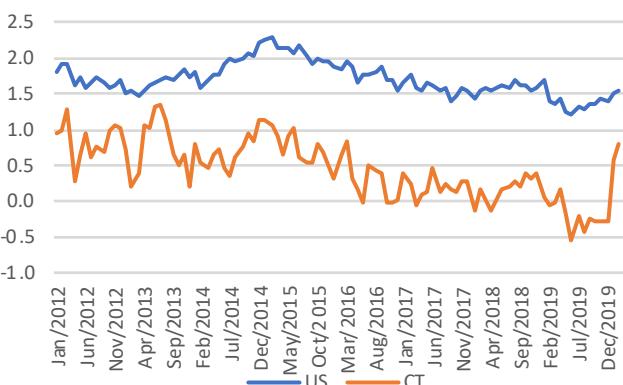
New Jersey and U.S. Job Growth



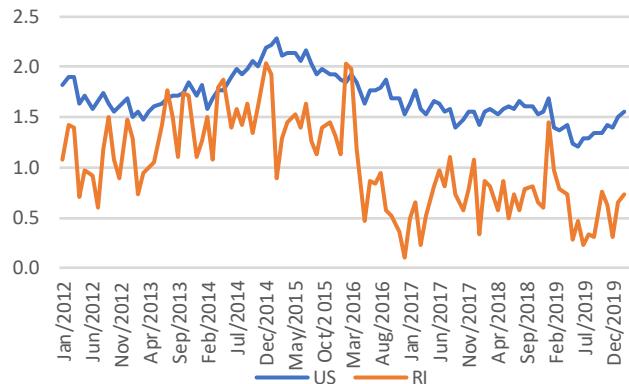


State Employment Monitor

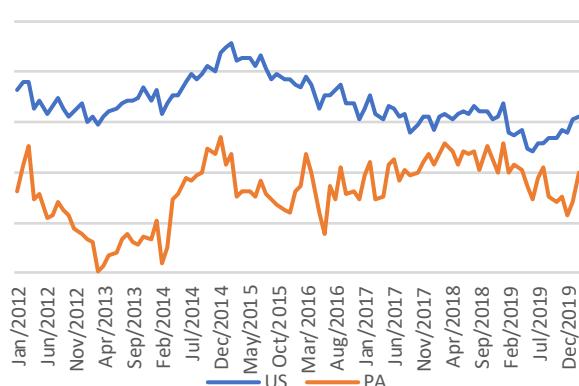
Connecticut and U.S. Job Growth



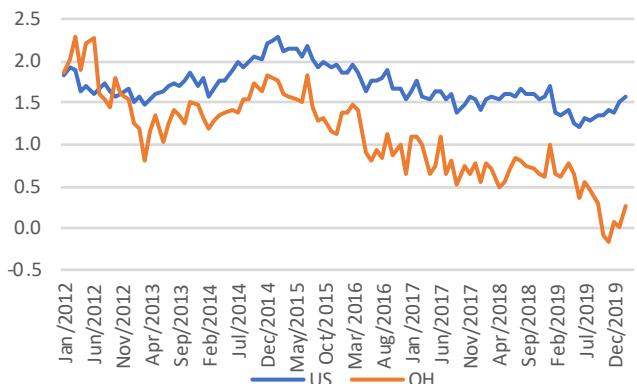
Rhode Island and U.S. Job Growth



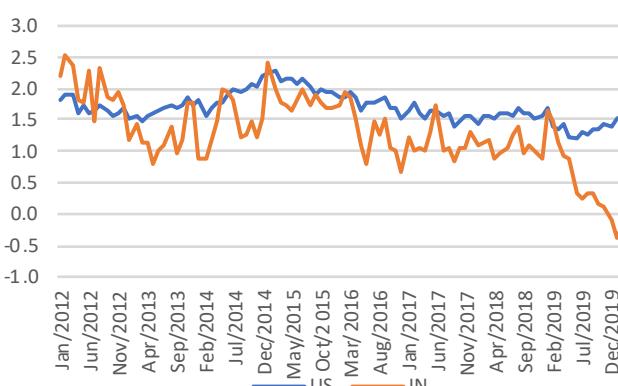
Pennsylvania and U.S. Job Growth



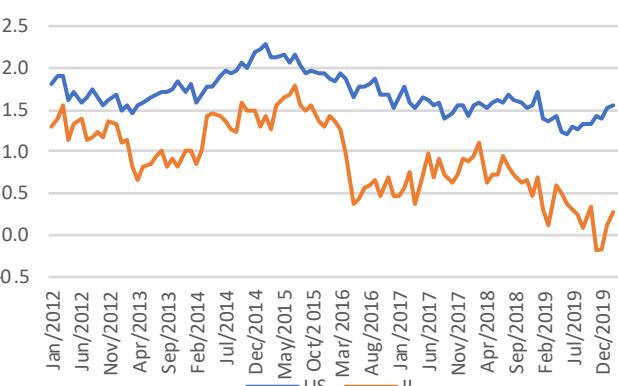
Ohio and U.S. Job Growth



Indiana and U.S. Job Growth



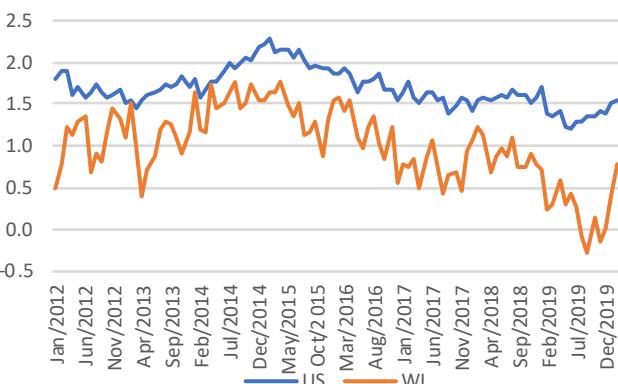
Illinois and U.S. Job Growth



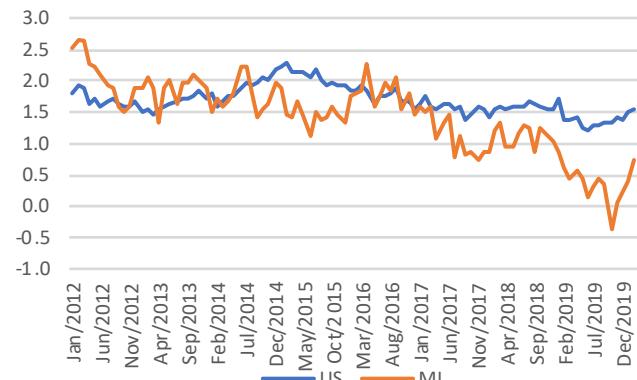


State Employment Monitor

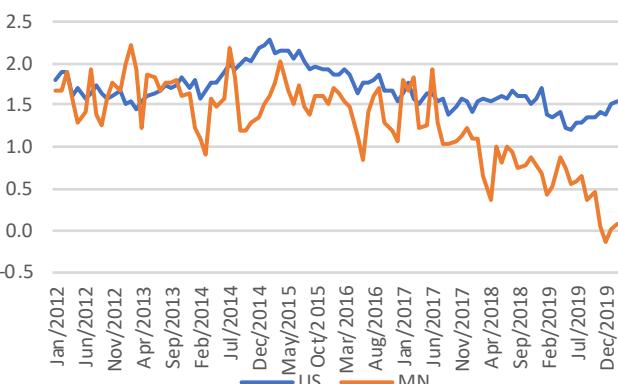
Wisconsin and U.S. Job Growth



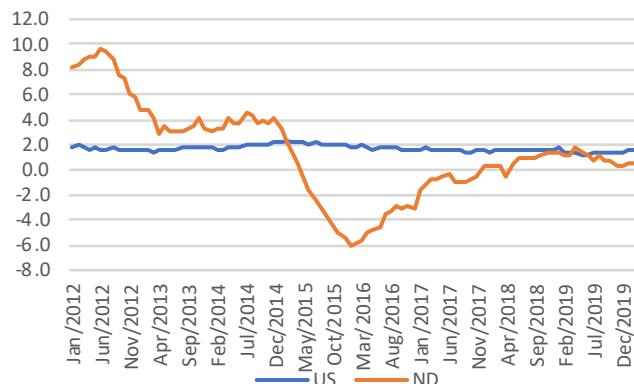
Michigan and U.S. Job Growth



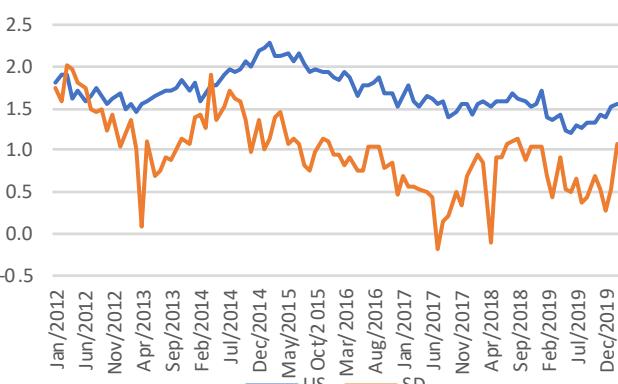
Minnesota and U.S. Job Growth



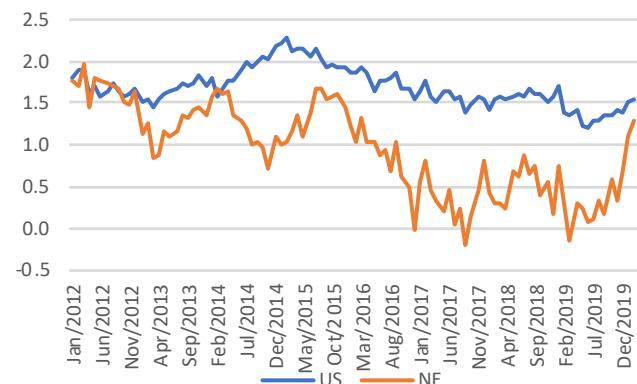
North Dakota and U.S. Job Growth



South Dakota and U.S. Job Growth



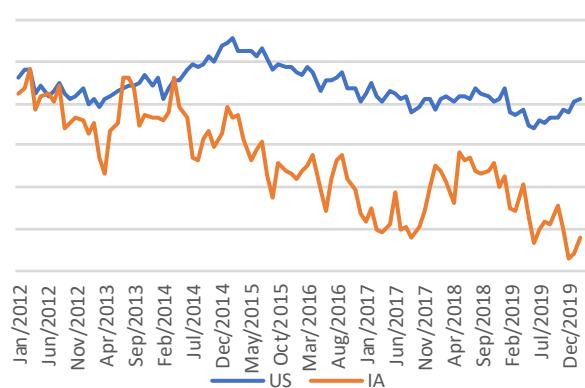
Nebraska and U.S. Job Growth



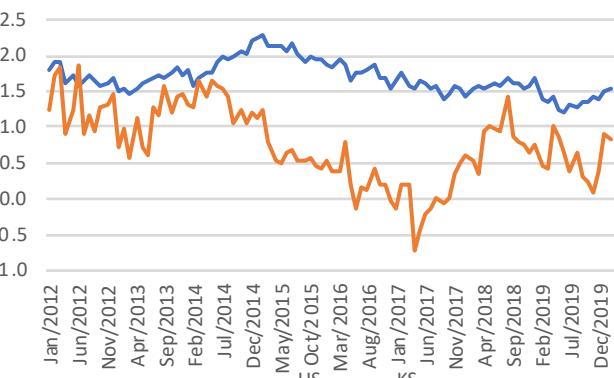


State Employment Monitor

Iowa and U.S. Job Growth



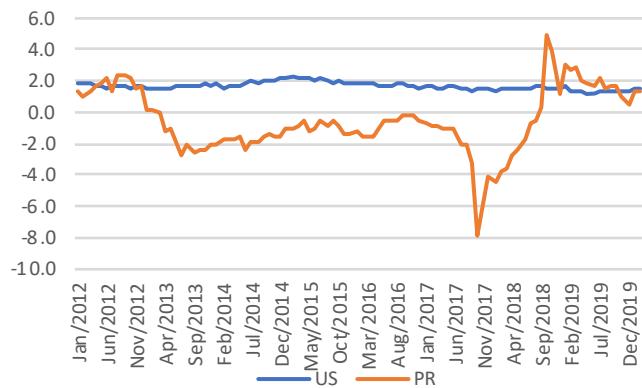
Kansas and U.S. Job Growth



Missouri and U.S. Job Growth



Puerto Rico and U.S. Job Growth



STATE EMPLOYMENT MONITOR

Released March 2020

NAR RESEARCH GROUP

Lawrence Yun, PhD

Chief Economist & Senior Vice President for Research

Gay Cororaton

Senior Economist & Director of Housing and Commercial Research

Meredith Dunn

Communications Manager

©2020. National Association of REALTORS®. All rights reserved.

This report can be cited and reprinted with the proper citation guidelines provided here:

<https://www.nar.realtor/research-and-statistics/citation-guidelines-for-nar-research-statistics>.

For questions about this report, please email data@realtors.org.